

# The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 47. NO. 3

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24, 1914.

PRICE THREE CENTS

## SUMMITT CHURCH

Members and Friends Subscribe \$2,031.15

### A VERY INTERESTING SERVICE

Methodists from all over the county joined with the congregation of the Summitt Bridge Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday, in the dedication of the new Summitt Bridge Church. The new structure which cost \$3,900, succeeds the church that was destroyed by fire from a bolt of lightning on July 24, last year, and was made possible through the efforts of the Rev. Asbury Burke, the pastor, and the building committee of the church.

Sunday's celebration was well attended, large crowds attending. The services were held morning, afternoon and evening. Those who attended responded liberally to the appeal for funds to pay for the new structure but while \$1,800 was needed, \$2,031.15 was raised, most of which was in cash.

The morning services were in charge of the Rev. W. L. S. Murray and Professor Mack, of the Hall and Mack Singers, had charge of the singing. In the afternoon a platform service was held and in the evening District Superintendent E. L. Hoffecker assisted by the Rev. Asbury Burke had charge of the service.

The dedication exercises were conducted by Dr. Hoffecker and the Rev. E. H. Collins, of Madeley Church, who dedicated the edifice to the work of Almighty God according to the usages of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The music at the evening services was in charge of Dr. Burke, a son of the pastor, who was assisted by Mr. Harrington, of Harrington.

The new church one story in height with a tower, is forty by sixty-five feet in size. Those who assisted in collecting for the structure at the services were the Rev. E. H. Collins, the Rev. Asbury Burke, John R. Butler, C. H. Salmon, William Murray, H. M. Pleasanton and Professor Mack.

## MAN ATTACKED WOMAN

Clarence Simmons, the white farm hand on the George L. Townsend farm tenanted by Morris Buckworth, near Summitt Bridge, who attacked Mrs. Buckworth on Friday last, while alone in the house, with her one-year-old baby, and who escaped was captured on Sunday morning, by Constable William Boyer and Lee R. Cochran Smyrna's town officer, on the Benjamin Hazel farm about five miles southeast of Smyrna, tenanted by Edward Nelson.

When captured Simmons was sitting by a stove warming himself after an all night tramp, and had applied for food. He offered no resistance whatever to arrest, and when accused of his alleged crime admitted his guilt at the same time, making light of the affair.

The man was securely handcuffed and taken to Smyrna, where he was placed in the town lock-up with a guard.

The officers, fearing violence to Simmons if it was generally known that he had been captured, kept the matter secret. Simmons claims New York as his home, and is only 24 years of age.

## Two Falls Kill Negro

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 18.—Mystery surrounds the death of William Morris, colored, aged 35, of No. 1125 East Sixteenth Street, who expired suddenly last night at Newport. He was employed as a driver by the Delaware Terra Cotta Company, and yesterday afternoon, in company with Joseph Hammond, colored, was sent to the Cedars with a load of material. The two men started back to this city, but when the team reached Newport Hammond had disappeared.

The 13-year-old daughter of William Ford, who lives near Newport, saw Morris fall from his wagon. She notified her father, and the negro was picked up and carried to the house of a negro farmer, where he was revived and appeared to be all right.

Morris was assisted into the wagon, but the horses had only taken a few steps when he again plunged into the roadway, and when picked up he was dead. The only mark about the body was a slight cut in the head.

## Paxson-Coppage Wedding

The residence of Mr. Eugene E. Paxson, "Man R. Place," was the scene of a very pretty noon wedding, Wednesday, January 21, when Miss Elsie Paxson, the youngest daughter of Mrs. A. K. Paxson, was united in marriage to Mr. Wright Coppage, of Middletown.

The home was prettily decorated with ferns and tropical plants. Rev. Percy L. Donaghy, the Rector of St. Anne's Episcopal Church, of Middletown, performed the ceremony in the presence of guests from Cecilton, Chester, Kirkwood, Mt. Pleasant and Middletown. The young couple were the recipients of many handsome and useful presents. After a short wedding tour, Mr. and Mrs. Coppage will reside at "Administer" the residence of the groom near Middletown.

## OUR FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

Miss Laura Willits is visiting relatives in Philadelphia.

Miss Eliza C. Green is the guest of friends in New York City.

Mr. Merritt N. Willits is spending some time at Tampa, Fla.

Houston Naudain of Baltimore, Md., spent last Sunday with friends here.

Mr. A. G. Cox has been indisposed part of the week at his home on Green Street.

Mrs. Mary Reed, of Ellendale, Del., is visiting her daughter Mrs. Warren S. P. Combs.

The Misses Gibbs and Mrs. Wallis, spent several days last week with Dr. Barr, at Elwyn, Pa.

Mrs. Gertrude Cannon, of Bridgeville, spent a few days in town this week the guest of Mrs. H. V. Jones.

Mr. Frank West, of Wilmington, and Mr. Harry Russel, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with Mr. Samuel Price.

Mrs. D. P. Barnard, of Wilmington, was the guest of her mother Mrs. Edward Reynolds on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Jones, of Wilmington, were Sunday guests of Dr. and Mrs. Warren S. P. Combs.

Mrs. Grant Rowbotham and little daughter Margaret, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Price.

Miss Clara Willits left town on Monday for Canton, Ohio, where she will spend two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tyson.

Dr. Robert Comegys and Mrs. Joseph Comegys and family, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Comegys.

Mrs. Fouthard and Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Jones, of Wilmington, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Warren S. P. Combs the past week.

Dr. Martin W. Barr sails on Saturday the 24th of January, on the steamer Korona, for the Windward Islands, to be gone a month.

Mrs. G. E. Hukill has gone to the home of her mother Mrs. J. K. Williams near Odessa, where she will spend the remainder of the winter.

Rev. and Mrs. C. T. Wyatt quietly observed the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage on Thursday at their home at the parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Fenimore entertained a family party at dinner on Wednesday afternoon. Their guests were Mr. and Mrs. William E. Weldon, of this town, Mrs. Benjamin West and Mrs. J. Clarence Hutchison of near Townsend.

Miss Agnes Crowley was a guest at the card party given by Mrs. Bessie Lake at the Hotel Dupont, Wilmington for the benefit of the Physicians and Surgeons Hospital. Miss Crowley was one of the fortunate prize winners.

Miss Helen Brady was the guest of Mrs. Miller, wife of Governor Miller, at a luncheon given in honor of the presidents of the Women's Clubs in the State. Miss Brady was a guest in place of the Club's president Miss Eliza Green who was unable to be present.

Mrs. J. J. Northrup attended a meeting of the Executive Board of the State Federation of Women's Clubs held at Newark on Thursday. The visitors were entertained by the Newark Club, at the home of Mrs. Neale. Miss Mary Hutchin attended the meeting by virtue of her office as State Chairman of Reciprocity.

Miss Ada L. Lockwood arrived home on Tuesday, after a stay of seven months in the West. Last June Miss Lockwood went to Vancouver, B. C., to visit her brother, Mr. Edward Lockwood, who died soon after she reached his home. After spending several months with her sister-in-law, Miss Lockwood next went to California for a visit with Miss Mary F. Burris, a former resident of Middletown and other friends.

## Is a Rest Room Needed?

The members of the Century Club and the Grange are trying to decide whether it is worth while to continue the Rest Room for a longer period or if it will be best to discontinue it. So many complaints have been heard that the ladies from the country and school children had no place to wait when necessary, that the members of the two organizations took it upon themselves to rent the room adjoining Mr. Purnell McWhorter's residence and furnish it, for the good of the public. Now it appears that people do not want the Rest Room as badly as they thought they did, and it is not patronized to such a degree that the ladies feel warranted in taking upon themselves the expense of renting the room for a longer time unless it is wanted and needed. Can not some of the country people give expression to their wishes and thoughts on the subject through the columns of the Transcript or New Era?

**Big Reduction in Clothing—Men's Overcoats \$18.00 Overcoats, now \$13.50; \$15.00 Overcoats, now \$11.50; \$10.00 Overcoats, now \$7.50; \$15.00 Suits, now \$11.50; \$10.00 Suits, now \$7.50. All new up to date Overcoats, have the new Shawl collar, come in blue, brown and gray, all sizes.**  
J. B. MESSICK.

## VERY FINE EXHIBIT

The Peninsula Horticultural Society Held Its Annual Session

### AT EASTON MD. LAST WEEK

The Peninsula Horticultural Society, who held its annual session and exhibit in Easton, Md., for three days, adjourned Thursday afternoon of last week, after one of the most successful meetings since its organization, 27 years ago. Upon the invitation of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce it was decided to hold the next annual meeting of the society in that city, the date to be left to the Executive Committee.

The meeting was largely attended and interesting addresses were made by W. F. Allen, Salisbury, Md.; P. E. Matthews, Pocomoke City, Md.; E. F. Leates, Delmar, Del.; E. H. Shallcross, McDonough, Del.; Governor Charles R. Miller, of Delaware; Prof. Howard, of Delaware College; Dr. J. G. Lipman, director of the New Jersey Experiment Station; Dr. H. J. Patterson, director of the Maryland Experiment Station; Dr. J. H. Wheeler, of Boston; Professor Thomas B. Symons, dean of the Maryland Agricultural College; Mrs. W. Irving Walker, of Chestertown, Md.; Lester Lovett, of Milford, Del.; Richard Vincent, Jr., of White Marsh, Md.; and H. C. Thompson, of the Department of Agriculture. After these addresses these officers were elected:

President, E. H. Shallcross, McDonough, Del.; vice president, General Joseph B. Seth, Easton, Md.; secretary, J. Wesley Webb, Dover, Del.; vice president for counties, J. T. Shallcross, Middletown, Md.; S. H. Derby, Woodside, Del.; George Hill, Bridgeville, Del.; C. E. Warburton, Elkton, Md.; Walter H. Harris, Wornton, Md.; W. Irving Walker, Chestertown, Md.; J. S. Lapham, Ridgely, Md.; M. B. Nichols, Easton, Md.; William E. Dawson, Cambridge, Md.; Fulton W. Allen, Salisbury, Md.; Orlando Harrison, Berlin, Md.; Frank E. Matthews, Pocomoke, Md.; A. J. Mc Ath, Olney, Va., and W. L. Elzey, Exmore, Va.

Among the prize winners were: Best general display of all fruits—First, Soper & Son; Magnolia, Del.; second, Sanger & Bro., Cordova, Del.; third, E. H. Shallcross, McDonough, Del. Best single box of apples—First, Soper & Son; second, Sanger & Bro.; third, Walter B. Harris, Wornton, Md. Best three boxes—First, Soper & Son; second, Sanger Bros.; third, E. H. Shallcross.

Best five boxes—First, Sanger Bros.; second, Soper & Son; third, E. H. Shallcross. Best ten boxes—First, Sanger Bros.; second, Soper & Son; third, Walter B. Harris.

Best three barrels—First, Sanger Bros.; second, E. H. Shallcross. Best collection of vegetables—First, J. Howard Hirst, Cambridge, Md.; second, George T. Robinson, Easton, Md.; third, J. W. Killen, Felton, Del.

Best collection of white potatoes—First, James T. Shallcross, Middletown, Del.; second, F. J. Dukes & Bro., Girdletree, Md.

Best collection of white potatoes in barrels—First, J. Dukes & Bro.

Best collection of chestnuts—First, J. S. Kelley, Preston, Md.; second, J. W. Killen. Best collection of canned goods in jars—First, Mrs. Mary V. Colt, Elkton, Md.; second, Mrs. F. C. Snyder, Newport, Del.

Best martin house made by a boy—Henry Didied, Easton, Md.

J. G. Harrison & Son, the Berlin nurserymen, had a fine display of peach and apple, ornamental and shade trees, which were not in competition for prizes, that attracted a great deal of attention from all who visited the exhibition.

## RESOLUTIONS

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Almighty God, Ruler of the Universe, to call from our midst our loyal and beloved brother J. Casper Denny; Therefore in manifestation of our grief and the high esteem in which this brother was held in our order, be it

Resolved, That the members of Washington Camp No. 12, P. O. S. of A. of Port Penn, Delaware extend to his family our deepest sympathy in their bereavement, and be it further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the family of the deceased brother, a copy published in the Middletown Transcript and a copy be spread on the minutes of the Camp. Also that our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days.

R. R. EATON  
A. V. YEARSLEY  
C. N. McWHORTER  
Committee

## Sixty-fifth Annual Report

The Cantwell Mutual Insurance Company, of Odessa, have issued their sixty-fifth annual report, year ending December, 1913. The officers of the company are: Daniel W. Corbit, President; Joseph G. Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; Directors, Daniel W. Corbit, Clarence E. Pool, Leonard V. Aspril, Jr., Colen Ferguson, Merritt N. Willits, Francis B. Watkins, Alexander P. Corbit; Surveyors, Colen Ferguson, Robert S. Carpenter, Thomas Latomus, Joseph G. Brown and Henry L. Davis.

## LO AL NEWS

Fresh Lettuce for sale at green house.  
SMITH & BLOME.  
Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist.  
Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Sutes.  
CUT FLOWERS for sale at my house at all times.

MRS. ELIZA STEELE  
Mr. Edward S. Jones has been appointed a Trustee of the Middletown Academy, to succeed the late Dr. J. C. Sutes.

Mrs. George Janvier of this town has been elected to the board of managers of the S. P. C. A. to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Evan G. Shortidge.

WANTED—A competent refined white woman or girl for general house work—a clean and good cook. Reference desired. Three in family, no children.

MRS. M. VOSHELL  
609 W. 7th St., Chester, Pa.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred white Wyandotte cockerels, strong, healthy, vigorous, from good winter laying stock.

C. S. BRIDGES.  
Mt. Pleasant, Del.

Charles Vinyard, a farmer of Middle Neck is at the Polyclinic Hospital, Philadelphia, suffering with appendicitis and peritonitis. His condition, while still critical, shows slight improvement.

George L. Townsend, Jr., has sold his two-and-a-half-story dwelling on Cochran street to Miss Mary Pool, who will occupy it after February 1. Mr. and Mrs. Townsend will move to Wilmington at that time.

The Rev. Francis H. Moore, D. D. on Thursday, January fifteenth, completed his twenty-fourth year as pastor of Forest Presbyterian Church, and has now entered upon his twenty-fifth year of service to his people.

Unclaimed Letters—The following list of letters remains unclaimed in the post office for the week ending January 15th: Mrs. Wilmer Smith, Mrs. William Henson, Mrs. Andrew Henson, Miss Carrie Lloyd, Miss Clara Wilson, Mr. H. Burris.

During the temporary absence of Mrs. Ezra Evans from her room, Monday evening, Samuel Groom, a negro lad, sneaked in and stole a pocketbook containing \$29.14. Constable John W. Dickinson was notified and soon got both Groom and the money. At a hearing before Magistrate A. G. Cox, Groom was sent to the Farris Industrial School.

## DIED IN FATHER'S ARMS

DOVER, Jan. 16.—A statement of facts, concerning the pathetic death of Henry Earl, the 16-year-old son of Capt. in Dunham Earl, who died on Tuesday morning, as the result of being caught with his father in the gale which blew over the Delaware Bay and river last Monday night, was received here yesterday by friends and relatives of the unfortunate persons.

Captain Earl and his son had spent the day clamping between Kitt's Hammock and Bowers Beach, at no time being more than a mile from shore. Monday evening, Captain Earl finding that he could not land at any port nearby, anchored off Bowers Beach, near the mouth of Murderkill River. Because of the high winds and waves the boat broke anchor and drifted across the bay to near Dias creek on the Jersey shore, where it grounded.

Having lost his sails and rigging, Captain Earl started ashore that evening with his son. All the blankets and coverings in the boat were pressed into service for keeping the two warm, they being compelled to remain on the meadows the entire night, not knowing they were near habitual land.

Early Tuesday morning, Captain Earl sighted a farmhouse for which he started and reached and securing help, returned for his son. They found him alive and he said he was "feeling very well." The father took the boy in his arms and started for the farmhouse, but before they had reached the house, the son died in his father's arms.

Captain Earl is suffering severe pains from frost-bitten feet, hands and ears. One ear may have to be amputated.

The remains of young Earl were buried in Millville, N. J., today.

## Installed Officers

Tuesday night Deputy State Councilor William T. Pearce, Jr., installed the following officers of Middletown Council, No. 2, Jr. O. U. A. M.

Junior past councilor, Wallace C. Eliason; councilor, John L. Byron; vice-councilor, J. E. Denney; recording secretary, Robert B. Jones; assistant, Adam Reed; financial secretary, Daniel W. Stevens; treasurer, Edward S. Jones; conductor, William W. Allen; warden, W. T. Pearce, Jr.; inside sentinel, H. E. Manlove; outside sentinel, Minors Banning; trustees, W. T. Pearce Sr. and M. Banning; representative to State Council, Wallace C. Eliason; alternate, W. T. Pearce, Jr.; representative to D. B. A., W. T. Pearce, Senior.

## Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our many friends, and also, Washington Camp No. 12, P. O. S. of A., for their loving sympathy and their beautiful tributes, in the recent bereavement of our son J. Casper Denny.

JOSEPH H. DENNY AND FAMILY.

## STRUCK BY TRAIN

Joseph DuRoss Carried on a Locomotive Pilot

### HIS ESCAPE WAS MARVELOUS

Joseph DuRoss of 832 Woodlawn avenue, Wilmington, aged 32 years, is confined to the Delaware Hospital, with his right forearm broken, the left arm lacerated and bruises, as the result of being in a collision with a locomotive of a Delaware railroad express train at the public crossing, south of Kirkwood station Tuesday afternoon at 4.24 o'clock. The escape of the man from death is little short of marvelous. A witness at the station said: "It was Providential."

Mr. DuRoss had left Delaware City in a carriage, owned by George Alfree, a stableman of that place. The pilot of the engine struck the carriage and cut it loose from the horse, without scarcely scratching the animal, but the carriage and occupant rested upon the fender and Mr. DuRoss was carried nearly an eighth of a mile before the engine could be stopped, and the man and vehicle or what was left of the latter were released.

Mr. DuRoss did not appear to know what happened, but he recovered from comatose condition and was attended by Dr. D. W. Lewis, and later placed on board the Norfolk express and taken to Wilmington.

On his arrival in Wilmington he was placed in the Phoenix ambulance and taken to the hospital. Mr. DuRoss evidently did not see the approaching train until it was too late to avoid the collision.

## Bethesda Church Notes

The revival services at Bethesda M. E. Church continue with increasing interest. There are conversions almost every night and the attendance is large and attentive. Rev. George T. Alderson of Wilmington, preached strong sermons on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week. Six persons joined on probation last Sunday.

Rev. J. A. Leach, of Church Creek, Md., a young man of attractive personality and great moral earnestness, arrived on Monday, and preached three evenings in succession. His singing has greatly delighted the people and his burning messages have been very effective. In response to a popular demand he decided to remain until today, when he will be compelled to return to his work.

The pastor is having the co-operation of his people and the large congregations seem deeply impressed by the services. The meetings are full of promise and will doubtless continue through next week.

Sunday, 10.30 a. m.—Public worship and sermon.

2 p. m.—Sunday School.  
7.30 p. m.—Public worship with sermon, followed by revival service.

An opportunity will be given both morning and evening for persons to join on probation.

Brotherhood devotional meeting at 9.30 a. m.  
Junior League every Saturday at 3 p. m.

## Lee's Birthday Anniversary

Throughout the South and notably in Virginia on Monday, the 107th anniversary of the birth of General Robert E. Lee was fittingly observed.

In this State and particularly in Richmond the day was celebrated as a holiday by many persons. Practically all industrial activity caused for part of the day, and the banks, public and private schools and many business and manufacturing plants were closed. At all Confederate veteran gatherings General Lee's farewell address to the army of Northern Virginia was read.

## St. Anne's Church Notes

Sunday, January 25th, The Feast of Conversion of St. Paul, also the 3d, Sunday after the Epiphany.

Morning Prayer and Sermon at 10.30. Sunday School at 11.45.

Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7.30. Evening Prayer on Wednesday, evening at 7.30.

Meetings: The Ladies' Guild on Thursday afternoon at two o'clock, and the Junior Auxiliary on Friday afternoon at four o'clock, in the Parish House.

## Attended Federation

Miss Cornelia Townsend attended a meeting of the Health Committee of the State Federation of clubs held in Wilmington on Wednesday. The meeting was at the New Century Club house and the visitors were entertained at luncheon at the Hotel duPont. The meeting was held for the purpose of discussing the urgent need of working provision for the feeble-minded of the state. The chairman of the Health Committee of each club was asked to be present at the meeting. Mrs. Frank M. Jones of Wilmington, is state chairman.

**Big Drop in Price—Big Floor Rugs, all 9x12 feet, \$26.00 Brussels Rugs, \$21.75; \$22.50 Brussels Rugs, \$19.50; \$22.00 Brussels Rugs, \$18.75; \$16.00 Brussels Rugs, \$13.75; \$5.00 Brussels Rugs, \$1.75.**  
J. B. MESSICK.

## LEVY COURT'S COMMITTEES

Very Few Important Changes Made by the New President

The appointment of the standing committees of the Levy Court by President Hollingsworth, over which there has been much speculation and interest evinced, was made at the session of the Levy Court Tuesday afternoon. But few important changes were made. In most every instance where Mr. Hollingsworth's name had appeared in the old committees former President Groves' now appears. The new committees are as follows:

Finance—Groves, Fournace, Scott.  
Public Building—Fournace, Burris, Scott.

Printing and Stationery—Burris, Groves, Smith.

Coroner and Physicians—Burris, Fournace, Smith.

Overpaid Taxes—Fournace, Groves, Gooding.

Attorney, Clerk and Sheriff—Fournace, Burris, Scott.

Approval of Bonds—Groves, Fournace, Scott.

Magistrates and Constables—Groves, Burris, Smith.

Assessors and Inspectors—Fournace, Groves, Smith.

County Workhouse—Groves, Burris, Scott.

Wilmington Hundred Bridges—Burris, Fournace, Gooding.

Ferris Industrial School—Groves, Burris, Smith.

Girls' Industrial School—Fournace, Groves, Scott.

County Hospital—Burris, Fournace, Gooding.

Hope Farm—Groves, Fournace, Scott.

City Hospitals—Burris, Fournace, Gooding.

There were no changes made in the personal of the revised assessment committees. They are as follows:

First District—Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, and Ninth wards of Wilmington; Burris, Gooding.

Second District—First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards; Gooding, Burris.

Third District—Brandywine hundred and that portion of Christiana lying north of and bounded by the centre line of the Lancaster turnpike; Hollingsworth, Groves.

Fourth District—Mill Creek and part of Christian hundred; Groves, Hollingsworth.

Fifth District—White Clay Creek, Red Lion, and New Castle hundreds; Smith, Groves.

Sixth District—Pencader and St. Georges hundreds; Fournace, Scott.

Seventh District—Appoquinimink and Blackbird hundreds; Scott, Fournace.

## A Pleasant Surprise

A delightful surprise and wooden shower was given to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Donovan, near McDonough, on Tuesday evening, it being their fifth wedding anniversary. The evening was pleasantly spent, after which ice cream and cake were served. Those who participated were, Misses Sadie Gray, Edna Spear, Mr. and Mrs. B. Donovan, Albert and Pierce Donovan, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Pleasanton, Leland Pleasanton, Miss Grace Pleasanton, Mr. and Mrs. Robert George, Clarence George, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Pennington, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer George, Miss Mamie George, Samuel George, Miss Price, Miss Emma Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Spicer, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pleasanton, Albert Gray and Francis Grey.

## Broke Her Arm

As stated in The Transcript last week Mr. Joseph Armstrong, of Odessa fell and fractured his leg.

Mr. Armstrong's wife accompanied him to the hospital and was in attendance on him on Saturday, when, Mr. Armstrong desiring a newspaper, she left the hospital to get it for him. While on the street a sudden puff of wind disarranged her hat, and in reaching for it she lost her balance and fell heavily, breaking her right arm. She was taken back to the hospital suffering great pain. The fracture was reduced by the surgeons at the hospital, and she is now recovering.

## The Ten Hour Law

Miss Mary S. Malone, State Factory Inspector, gave a talk before the New Century Club members on Tuesday on "The Ten Hour Law for Women." Her talk was especially interesting as several points in the law had not been fully understood by the club women. Miss Malone reports that the ten hour law seems to be working in a way which is satisfactory to both the employer and the employee.

The program for the next meeting of the Club will be: "Anti-Suffrage," Miss Emily P. Bissell, of Wilmington.

## Hog Cholera

Notwithstanding the extreme cold weather for the past week, hog cholera is still raging in this neighborhood. Several farmers are losing hogs at the rate of two and three a day. The local veterinarians are kept busy inoculating the hogs with a serum which is a preventative.

The inoculated hogs are put with an infected hog, take the disease in a mild form, are cured and thereafter immune from the disease, it is claimed.

## \$4,250,000 IN TRUCK

Eastern Shore of Virginia Produce Exchange's 1913 Record Breaker

### HANDLED 2,824,639 PACKAGES

SALISBURY, Md., Jan. 19.—The Eastern Shore of Virginia Produce Exchange, which covers the entire Eastern Shore marketed for its members during 1913 more than 1,500,000 barrels of Irish potatoes, very nearly 1,000,000 barrels of sweet potatoes and enough of onions, berries and miscellaneous products to make a grand total of 2,824,639 packages. This total represents an increase of nearly 1,000,000 packages over the corresponding year.

The total value of all goods sold was more than \$4,250,000, and of goods consigned to authorized selling agent of the exchange for the account of individual growers nearly \$400,000. In addition, the exchange purchased for its members more than \$60,000 of seed potatoes and enough of printed covers, crates and other supplies to bring the total volume of 1913 business (both sales and purchases) up to \$4,789,910.99, representing an increase in total business over the previous year of slightly more than \$1,000,000.

After payment of the regular dividend of 10 per cent. on the capital stock, the year's operations showed a final net gain of \$36,968.62. Of this amount one



## SEVEN DEAD IN PRISON MUTINY

Convicts Pay for Dash to Escape With Their Lives.

FORMER U. S. JUDGE SLAIN.

Girl Telephone Operator Used By the Mutineers To Prevent Guards From Firing On Them.

McAlester, Okla.—Seven men were shot to death and three persons were wounded when three convicts attempted to escape from the State penitentiary and were slain by guards.

One of the men murdered by the convicts in their mad dash for liberty was John R. Thomas, of Muskogee, formerly United States district judge and once Congressman from Illinois.

Despite the commotion caused by the three men in trying to shoot down everyone who came in their way, no general attempt was made by other convicts to join in the delivery, though the three mutineers were encouraged by their less desperate fellows, who cheered the onslaught of the armed prisoners.

So rapidly did the three convicts shoot down those in their path that they reached the prison gate before the guards could return their fire.

The desperadoes had taken the keys from the turnkey, John Martin, whom they had wounded, and had sheltered themselves through the prison yard by holding Mary Foster, a telephone operator, in front of them until the only shot fired by the guards in the yard hit the girl in the leg.

Fought To the Last.

Outside the gate the men seized the horse and buggy of Warden Dick and dashed away, only to be shot dead by pursuing guards. One convict fought to the last and, while his companions crouched low and whipped the stolen horse into a gallop, fired his remaining cartridge at the oncoming guards, who poured in a deadly fire from horseback.

Even after the three escaped men lay dead in the careening buggy the frightened horse of the warden dashed onward until felled by a bullet from the pursuers.

The Dead and Wounded.

The dead are: John R. Thomas, Muskogee, formerly United States district judge. H. H. Dwyer, superintendent of the prison Bertillon Department. Patrick Oates, assistant deputy warden. F. C. Godfrey, guard. China Reed, under sentence of two years for larceny. Tom Lane, Paul's Valley, under five-year sentence for forgery. Charles Koonz, Comanche county, serving 40 years for manslaughter. The wounded are: John Martin, turnkey, shot through cheek. C. L. Wood, guard, shot through arm. Mary Foster, telephone operator, shot through leg.

AGRICULTURAL BILL PASSES.

Measure Appropriates \$480,000 To Aid Farmers.

Washington.—The Agricultural Extension bill, providing for Federal aid in the dissemination of scientific farm information by practical experiments and through publications, was passed by the House by a vote of 177 to 9. Under the measure the various State agricultural colleges would receive Federal funds to finance plans for acquainting the farmers with facts established by the Department of Agriculture.

CITY OWNED LINE PROFITABLE.

'Frisco Street Railway Shows \$85,345 Net For Year.

San Francisco.—Profits on the first municipal street railway in the country, the Geary street line, were \$85,345 net for 1913. For the earlier half of the year, during which the road was not completed, the net profits were comparatively small and the returns for the last six months indicate that profits of at least \$150,000 may be expected for 1914.

HAD BAD EGGS STORED; FINED.

Armour and Swift Taxed Twice As Much As Others.

New York.—For having in their storehouses eggs unfit for human consumption Armour & Co. and Swift & Co. were fined \$500 each. In the same court eight smaller dealers were fined \$25 each for similar offenses. The court explained that it was the duty of the large companies to set an example to the smaller ones and for that reason they deserved severer punishment.

WANT "T. R." AS COLLEGE HEAD.

University Of Washington Alumni Begins Campaign.

Seattle.—A meeting of the graduates of the University of Washington, including four former presidents of the student body, was held to set in motion a campaign for the election of Theodore Roosevelt as president of the university. The new board of regents is seeking a president and will hold its first meeting this week.

\$700,000 RED CROSS MEMORIAL.

Building Will Be Erected On Capital's "Marble Row."

Washington.—Another notable addition to the national capital's beautiful "marble row" on Seventeenth street and almost within a stone's throw of the White House will be the magnificent Red Cross Memorial to the women of the Civil War, the site for which was announced by Secretary Garrison, of the War Department, chairman of the commission to select the location for the memorial.

AND ONLY ONE YEAR OLD!



(Copyright.) Weight of Parcel Post Packages Increased to 50 Pounds.—News Item.

## UNCLE SAM AS FARMERS AGENT

Unique Bill Introduced By Senator Borah.

PROPOSES CLEARING HOUSE

Says Trusts Have Done More For the Farmer Than the Government. Calls Competition Mother Of Waste.

Washington.—A popular government institution for the scientific marketing of farm products, to be known as the Agricultural Capital, to be separate from any existing branch of the government, was proposed in a bill by Senator Borah.

Designed primarily to eliminate middlemen and reduce the cost of living, to arrange transportation facilities and otherwise improve conditions of the farmers and consumers, the bill aroused considerable interest among senators by its radical suggestions, and was referred to the Agricultural Committee.

The institution would be controlled by a board of 15 directors. It would be made up of county organizations requiring at least 50 farmers in each county to form a branch association, each to conduct the marketing of all the crops of its members under rules and regulations to be drawn by the general board, which would be elected by the individual members every five years.

Earnings in excess of expenses, when it should become self-sustaining, and 3 per cent. would be returned pro rata to the members. Each branch organization would be controlled by a board of trustees and a general director and would serve not only as a clearinghouse for marketing and standardizing the farmers' products, but would also be authorized to loan capital to its members and to assist in the production of crops.

Senator Borah explained that he had not written the measure, but had introduced it, together with a memorial at the request of E. H. Rettig, a farmer of Opportunity, Washington.

In the memorial Rettig submitted that farmers were neglected by the government and he made the declaration that the big trusts had done more good for the public than the government.

Asserting that competition is the mother of waste, Mr. Rettig said: "The law of business success is co-operative."

"Think of the stupidity of our national government," he continued, "encouraging its citizens to produce wealth and after it has been produced insisting on these same citizens contesting against each other for possession of the things they have produced."

FARMER SLAIN IN BARN.

Neighbor Who Named Him In Divorce Case Held.

Chardon, O.—Will Eggleston, 47, a farmer, was murdered here when he was surprised in his barn and shot. Sheriff H. J. Ballard and deputies arrested Edward Zimmer, a neighbor farmer, who was accused by Eggleston before he died. The officers attribute the deed to jealousy. Zimmer's wife recently sued for divorce and in the hearing of the case Zimmer testified that Eggleston was responsible for his family troubles.

PEACE ADVOCATES' HOPES.

Think Beginning Of International Disarmament Near.

Washington.—The beginning of international disarmament would be the certain result of conclusion of the peace treaties now being sought by the United States, declared Representative Flood, of Virginia, to diplomats from virtually every civilized country in the world, gathered at a banquet in their honor of the House Committee on Foreign Relations, of which Flood is chairman. The dinner was served in the White Marble Hall of the Pan-American Building.

EGGS FROM CHINA.

Six Hundred Cases Enter San Francisco; Duty Free.

San Francisco.—Six hundred cases of eggs from Shanghai, China, were included in the cargo of the liner Siberia, which just arrived here from the Orient. These eggs were admitted duty free under the new tariff act. Under the 5-cent tariff, 4,000 cases of Chinese eggs were received in San Francisco last year. Local merchants say the total importation will reach 30,000 cases during the ensuing year.

## GEN. HUERTA MAY LEAD HIS ARMY

Reported to Be Preparing to Quit the Capital.

REALIZES IMPENDING DANGER

Particularly Mentions General Mercado, Who Flew From Ojinaga, Leaving That City To General Villa's Rebel Force.

Mexico City.—Relatives of the dictator admit that Huerta is getting ready to go away and said the report was that he intended to take charge of the federal troops in the north and attempt to regain Chihuahua City, now in the hands of the rebels.

In an interview, Huerta intimated that he would take the field personally against the constitutionalists. In his conversation with Nelson O'Shaughnessy, American charge d'affaires, at General Joaquin Maas' funeral Huerta complained bitterly against some of his generals, who, he said, were inefficient and open to suspicion of disloyalty. He particularly mentioned General Mercado, who fled from Ojinaga, leaving that city to General Pancho Villa's rebels.

Mercado, who was sentenced to be shot by Minister of War Blanquet, was accused of being a traitor and of refusing to fight, accepting bribes instead to escort wealthy Mexicans to the American border.

When it was rumored that Huerta was preparing to leave the capital many curious persons watched his movements as far as possible. There have before been circumstances reports that Huerta was about to go away, but nothing came of them. Also, it was remembered that every Mexican ruler who has reached the end of his rope has left the country by way of Vera Cruz or lost his life in attempting to leave. Huerta, though, is essentially a fighting man. He has talked all the time of it being his duty to pacify his country. It would cause little surprise among the Mexicans and foreigners if he does take the field at the army's head.

COST OF THE REFUGEES.

Uncle Sam's Bill For Entertainment About \$45,000 a Month.

El Paso, Texas.—Arrangements for caring for General Salvador Mercado and his 4,300 federal soldiers, who ran into the United States after being defeated by the rebels at Ojinaga, Mexico, were completed at Fort Bliss. The defeated Mexican soldiers and the 1,500 civilian refugees who accompanied them arrived here by ten trains from Marfa, Texas, to which point they are marching on the border.

The feeding, tenting and clothing of the exiled Huerta forces will be at the expense of the United States government. Estimates were that it would cost \$45,000 a month to provide for the self-invited guests. Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott has ordered rations to be distributed at the rate of half a carload a day.

\$1,000,000 TO 400 EMPLOYEES.

Executors Of Altman Make Distribution Of Legacies.

New York.—About 400 employees of B. Altman & Co., who were entitled to legacies under the will of Benjamin Altman, have just received checks aggregating more than \$1,000,000. In the near future the trustees of the Altman foundation expect to announce the details of a profit-sharing plan for employees and gifts to charitable and educational institutions as suggested in the will.

ANTI-SUFFRAGISTS GAME.

Would Let People Vote On Equal Rights Question.

Boston.—The Massachusetts Association Opposed to the Further Extension of Woman Suffrage filed a bill with the clerk of the House which proposes that the question of votes for women be submitted to the people for a vote.

TO BE SURGEON GENERAL.

Wilson Selects Col. W. C. Gorgas, Of Panama Canal Fame.

Washington.—President Wilson has practically selected Col. William C. Gorgas, of the Panama Canal Commission, for surgeon general of the Army. The Colonel's friends expect his nomination to go to the Senate very soon. Colonel Gorgas attracted world-wide attention for his sanitation work in Cuba and later practically made the building of the Panama Canal a possibility by sanitating the isthmus.

## BILL TO AMEND THE SHERMAN LAW

Restraint "In Any Degree" Illegal Under Stanley Measure.

ABOLISHES "RULE OF REASON"

Kentucky Congressman Introduces Anti-Trust Amendment After a Conference With President.

Washington.—Representative Stanley, of Kentucky, after a conference with President Wilson, introduced an amendment to the Sherman law, which would make illegal the monopolization or restraint of trade "in any degree." It is designed to eliminate the "rule of reason" laid down by the Supreme Court in the Standard Oil case. The amendment also would invest the circuit courts of the United States with jurisdiction to restrain and prevent violations of the act, irrespective of the Attorney-General. It was drawn to meet the wish of the President, expressed in his last message to Congress, to reduce the debatable area surrounding the Sherman act. Representative Stanley discussed the measure with the President and previously had corresponded with him at length on the subject.

The Kentucky Congressman, who was chairman of the special committee which investigated the United States Steel Corporation, does not offer the measure as an Administration amendment, but believes it will be of service to the committees of Congress which will draft the anti-trust legislation.

Would Amend Two Sections. The Stanley bill would amend the second and fourth sections of the Sherman law. In Section 2, into which the Supreme Court injected the "rule of reason," the words "in any degree" are inserted, so that the section would read:

"Every person who shall monopolize or attempt to monopolize or combine or conspire with any other person or persons to monopolize in any degree any part of the trade or commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court."

Discussing that portion of Chief Justice White's decision which relates to unreasonable restraint of trade, Representative Stanley said that he had always regarded it as unnecessary to the decision and therefore not the law.

"Many, however, believe," he continued, "that the effect of this decision is to render illegal only such combinations in restraint of trade as are unreasonable. The insertion of the words 'in any degree' with the other provisions will save the law as amended from any such interpretation and will render all restraints of trade illegal."

1,141 KILLED IN MINES.

Pennsylvania Casualties For 1913 In Coal Fields.

Harrisburg, Pa.—There were 1,141 miners killed in and about the mines of Pennsylvania in 1913, according to a report just made public by James E. Roderick, chief of the State Department of Mines. Of these 615 were killed in the anthracite regions and the remaining 526 in the bituminous districts.

Pennsylvania's total cost production for the year is estimated by Chief Roderick at 258,000,000 tons, which exceeds the record of 1912, when approximately 244,000,000 tons were produced. The production of anthracite is estimated at 90,000,000 tons and the bituminous at 168,000,000.

The number of employees in the anthracite field is given as 180,000 and in the bituminous 185,000.

HAS BROKEN RIB.

Unpleasant Experience Of Senator Bacon, Of Georgia.

Washington.—To have a broken rib for almost two weeks and not know it is the rather unusual experience of Senator Bacon, of Georgia. The discovery has just been made by the Senator. The sixth rib on the Senator's left side is broken, the result of a fall in a bath tub recently while visiting friends at Albany, Ga.

At the time Senator Bacon paid little attention to the injury, but he continued to suffer and consulted a physician. He was "bound up like a mummy," as he expressed it.

RETAIL GROCERS ORGANIZE.

Form Association In Pittsburgh To Lower Cost Of Living.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—Retail grocers of the Pittsburgh district met here and formed a jobbing association, through which they hope to eliminate the middleman and thus lower the cost of living. The leaders claim they will be able to make a reduction of from 10 to 20 per cent. in grocery goods by buying in wholesale quantities. Besides Allegheny county, grocers from 19 counties of Western Pennsylvania, five in Eastern Ohio and four in West Virginia joined the body. The association is capitalized at \$1,000,000.

TO AID THE NATION'S BLIND.

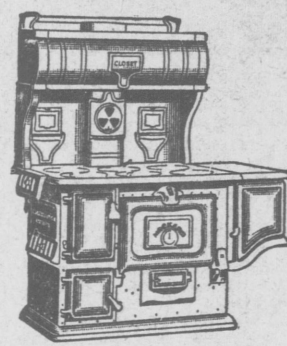
Miss Wilson Arranges For Inter-State Exchange Of Literature.

Washington.—Under the direction of Miss Margaret Wilson, who has succeeded her sister, Mrs. Francis Bores Sayre, as an officer of the National Library for the Blind, arrangements have been made for an inter-State exchange of literature printed for the blind. According to announcements made public the library will honor applications for literature from blind people throughout the country.

## J. F. McWhorter & Son

### STOVES

STOVES

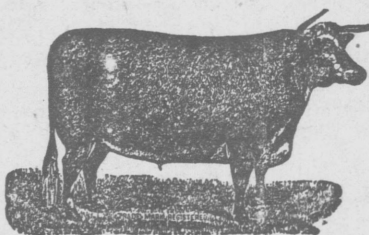


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We have all the leading makes of Stoves and Ranges in Stock.

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Animal Ammoniated

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If you are interested in getting a better Fertilizer—a Fertilizer that will help your plants withstand the different climatic changes—Increase your yields—Build up your soil—See our agent to-day

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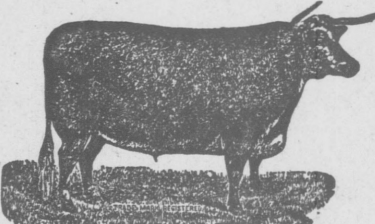
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Quality Counts Everytime

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The Middletown Transcript

OFFERS you the best advertising proposition in New Castle County, south of Wilmington. A small ad. will convince you of this fact.

Butcher Knives  
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Carriage Blankets  
Horse Blankets  
HARNESS  
STOVES  
Paints and Varnishes

Redgrave Bros.  
Middletown, Del.





# The MADS of PARADISE

ROBERT W. CHAMBERS

Author of "Cardigan" "The Conspirators" "Maid-at-Arms" etc

ILLUSTRATIONS BY O. IRWIN MYERS

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## SYNOPSIS.

Scarlett, an American soldier of fortune in the employ of the French Imperial Police at the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war, is ordered to arrest John Buckhurst, a leader of the Communists and suspected of having stolen the French crown jewels. While searching for Buckhurst, Scarlett finds Sylvia Elven of the Odeon disguised as a peasant and carries her to La Trappe where the countess and her friends are assembled. All are arrested. The countess saves Scarlett from a fatal fall from the roof of the house. He denounces Buckhurst as the leader of the Reds and the countess conducts him to where Buckhurst is secreted. German Uhlans descend on the place and Buckhurst escapes during the melee. Scarlett is wounded. He recovers consciousness in the countess's house at Morabronn, where he is cared for by the countess. A fierce battle is fought in the streets between French and Prussian soldiers. Buckhurst professes repentance and the countess gives him the crown jewels. He declares he will give himself up to the authorities. Scarlett doubts his sincerity. Buckhurst urges the countess to go to Paradise. Buckhurst admits that he receives pay from the Prussians for information which he does not give. He secures passports to the French lines for Scarlett, the countess and himself. Scarlett reports to the secret service in Paris and finds Mornac, shadow of the countess. He deposits the crown jewels and later, when making a detailed report, finds that the jewels have been substituted for the real stones. Speed, a comrade in the service, warns Scarlett that Mornac is dangerous. He also informs him that the countess's treasure is being transported to the coast for shipment out of the country. Scarlett and Speed escape to join a circus. The circus arrives at Paradise. An order is received by the mayor calling the citizens to arms. Jacqueline, daughter of the Lizard, offers to join the circus to give exhibitions in the character of a mermaid. Scarlett's friends with the Lizard. Scarlett calls on the countess at her home in Paradise. The countess Elven also there. He learns the countess has withdrawn from the socialists. They swear eternal friendship. The Lizard learns for Scarlett, through one Tric-Trac, that Mornac is head of a communist conspiracy. Scarlett learns something of Sylvia Elven through a fellow performer named Kelly. Orders regarding the discovery of a plot at Lorient. Orders are received for the expulsion of the circus. Buckhurst appears in Paradise and secures recruits for the red flag. Scarlett admits he is in love with the countess. Scarlett is injured by the circus lions and taken to the home of the countess. Preparations for the evacuation of the circus treasure train are discovered by Scarlett. Scarlett discovers Sylvia Elven sending a message to the Prussians. He sends warning of the plot to wreck the train and asks that a warship be dispatched to the port at once.

## CHAPTER XXI.

### Like Her Ancestors.

I leaned in the embrasure of the southern window, gazing at the lighted lanterns, which dangled from the halyards at Saint-Yvesel. The soldier Rolland had so far kept his word—three red lamps glimmered through a driving mist; the white lanterns hung above, faintly shining.

Full in the freight of the room sat the young countess, lost in reverie, hands clasping the gilt arms of her chair. At her feet dozed Ange Pitou. "I am afraid a story I have to tell is not going to be very cheerful," I said, "and I am also afraid that I must ask you to listen to it."

She met my eyes with composure, leaned a little toward me, and waited. And so, sitting there in the tinted glare, I told her of the death of Delmont and of Tavernier, and of Buckhurst's share in the miserable war. "Madame, I am paining you," I said; "but I am going to cause you even greater unhappiness."

"Tell me what is necessary," she said, forming the words with tightened lips.

"Then I must tell you that it is necessary for Mademoiselle Elven to leave Treacourt tonight."

"Why?"

"It is better that I do not tell you, madame."

"Tell me. It is my right to know."

"Not now; later, if you insist."

"This is dreadful," she muttered.

"If I did not know you so perfectly, I trust you with all my heart."

"Oh, are you certain she must go? It frightens me; it is so strange! I have grown fond of her."

"And now you say that she must go. I cannot understand—I cannot."

"No, you cannot understand," I repeated, gently; "but she can. It is a serious matter for Mademoiselle Elven; it could not easily be more serious. It is even perhaps a question of life or death, madame."

"In heaven's name, help her, then!" she said, scarcely controlling the alarm that brought a pitiful break in her voice.

"I am trying to," I said. "And now I must consult Mademoiselle Elven. Will you help me?"

"What can I do?" she asked.

"Stand by that window. Look madame, can you see the lights on the semaphores?"

"Yes."

"Count them aloud."

She counted the white lights for me, then the red ones.

"Now," I said, "if those lights change in number or color or position, come instantly to me. I shall be with Mademoiselle Elven in the little tearoom."

I left her in the shadow of the curtains, and passed through the room to Sylvia's side. She looked up quietly from her embroidery frame, then, dropping the tinted silks and needles on the cloth, rose and walked beside me. When we entered the little tearoom she passed on to the lounge and seated herself on the padded arm.

"What is it?" she asked.

"I am sorry to tell you," I said—

"sorry from my heart. You are not very friendly to me, and that makes it harder for me to say what I have to say."

"What do you mean?" she asked, guardedly.

"I mean that you cannot stay here," I said. "And you know why."

"Will you explain this insult?" she asked, hotly.

"Yes. You are a German spy," I said, under my breath. "French troops will land here tonight or tomorrow, I tell you calmly. You will see how dangerous your situation is certain to become when Buckhurst is taken, and when it is understood what use you have made of the semaphores."

She winced, then, straightened and bent her steady gaze on me. Her courage was admirable.

"I thank you for telling me," she said, simply. "Have I a chance to reach the Spanish frontier?"

"I think you have," I replied. "Kelly Eyre is going with you when—"

"He? No, no, he must not! Does he know what I am? Did he offer to go?" she asked, incredulously.

"Mademoiselle, he insists."

Without turning her head she said: "Does he know that it may mean his death?"

"He has suffered worse for your sake!" I said, bitterly.

"What?" she flashed out, confronting me in an instant.

"You must know that," I said—"three years of hell—prison—utter ruin! Do you dare deny you have been ignorant of this?"

For a space she stood there, struck speechless; then, "Call him!" she cried. "Call him, I tell you! Bring him here—I want him here—here before us both!"

Eyre, passing the long stone corridor, looked up as I beckoned; and when he entered the tearoom, Sylvia, white as a ghost, met him face to face.

"Monsieur," she said, harshly, "why did you not come to that book store?"

He was silent. His face was answer enough—a terrible answer.

"Monsieur Eyre, speak to me! Is it true? Did they—did you not know that I made an error—that I did go on Monday at the same hour? They told me at the time that you had gone away—I thought you had forgotten—that you did not care—"

"Care!" he groaned, and bowed his head, crushing her hands over his face.

Then she broke down, breathless with terror and grief.

"I was not a spy then—truly I was not, Kelly. There was no harm in me—I only—only asked for the sketches because—because—I cared for you. I have them now; no soul save myself has ever seen them."

She raised her head and fumbled in her corsage with shaking fingers, and drew from her bosom a packet of papers.

"Here are the sketches," she sobbed; "they have cost you dear! Now leave me—hate me! Let them come and take me—I do not want to live any more. Oh, what punishment on earth!"

Her suffering was unendurable to the man who had suffered through her; he turned on me, quivering in every limb.

"We must start," he said, hoarsely. "Give me your revolver."

I drew it from my hip pocket and passed it to him.

"Scarlett," he began, "if we don't reach—"

A quick rapping at the door silenced him; the young countess stood in the hallway, bright-eyed, but composed, asking for me.

"The red and white lights are gone," she said. "There are four green lights on the tower and four blue lights on the halyards."

Induce a recrystallization, there still remain about 2,400 microbic colonies to the grain of white salt. On a ham cured in salt liquor, M. VanErmengem found the very poisonous bacillus botulinus.

M. Andouard concludes from his observations that salt is a substance more or less impure from both the chemical and bacteriological point of view, and that serious measures are called for refining, sterilization and clean packing—to put an end to the disorders that may be caused by this product.

Interesting Legal Opinion.

A decision by the supreme court of Minnesota is not supported by many authorities but is regarded by the New York Law Journal as "of much interest and essentially just." It is the case of the city of Minneapolis versus Canterbury, in which it not only applies to an officer of a municipal corporation the obligation of absolute faith in dealing on behalf of the city, but similarly, as with an agent in behalf of a private principal, holds him liable in a direct action to recover the

proceeds of the breach of his public trust inuring to his public benefit. The court laid down the rule that "where a city officer, while acting in an advisory capacity to a committee of the council charged with the selection of a site for a building to be used in connection with his department, purchased certain land with the view of selling it to the city for such purpose, and conveyed it to a third person, who, pursuant to the plan, sold it to the city at an advanced price, the officer became a trustee for and liable to the city to the extent of the difference between the price paid by him and that paid by the city."

Lights of London.

London will be one of the best lighted cities in the world when the installation of a new system of centrally suspended lamps with the view of pressure gas with inverted burners has been completed. Although the amount of illumination will be increased by 6,000 candle power, it is estimated that a saving of about \$34,000 a year will be made over the old system.

I turned to Eyre. "This is interesting," I said, grimly. "I set signals for the For-de-Laus and in force. Somebody has changed them. You had better get ready to go."

Sylvia had shrunk away from Eyre. The countess looked at her blankly, then at me.

"Madame," I said, "there is little enough of happiness in the world—so little that when it comes it should be welcomed, even by those who may not share in it."

And I bent nearer and whispered the truth.

"Sylvia!" murmured the young countess, incredulously. "A spy! And she brings this—this shame on me!"

Sylvia turned, standing unsteadily. For a long time they looked at each other in silence, their eyes wet with tears. Then Eyre lifted Sylvia's hand and kissed it, and led her away, closing the door behind.

The countess still stood in the center of the room, transfixed, rigid, staring through her tears at the closed door. With a deep drawn breath she straightened her shoulders; her head drooped; she covered her face with clasped hands.

"What have I done?" she cried, brokenly—"what have I done that this shame should come upon me?"

"You have done nothing," I said, "neither good nor evil in this crisis. But Sylvia has; Sylvia the spy. That a man should give up his life for a friend is good; that a woman offers hers for her country is better. She has done her duty; the sacrifice is still burning; I pray it may spare her and spare him."

The countess looked at me scornfully. "I think that we are not fitted to understand each other."

"It remains," I said, "for me to thank you for your kindness to us all, and for your generosity to me in my time of need. . . . It is quite useless for me to dream of repaying it. . . . I shall never forget it. . . . I ask leave to make my adieux, madame."

She flushed to her temples, but did not answer.

As I stood looking at her, a vivid flare of light flashed through the window behind me, crimsoning the walls, playing over the ceiling with an infernal radiance. At the same instant the gate outside crashed open, a hubbub of voices swelled into a roar; then the outer doors were flung back and a score of men sprang into the hallway, soldiers with the red torch-light dancing on rifle barrels and bayonets.

And before them, revolver swinging in his slender hand, strode Buckhurst, a red sash tied across his breast, his colorless eyes like diamonds.

Speed and Jacqueline came hurrying through the hall to where I stood; Buckhurst's smile was awful as his eyes flashed from Speed to me.

Behind him, close to his shoulder, the torch-light fell on Mornac's smooth, false face, stretched now into a ferocious grimace.

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"In the name of the commune! The cl-devant Countess de Vassart is accused of sheltering the individual Scarlett, late inspector of imperial police; the individual Speed, ex-inspector of imperial gendarmes; the individual Eyre, under general suspicion; the woman called Sylvia Elven, a German spy. As war delegate of the commune, I am here to accuse!"

"I accuse the woman Sylvia Elven of communication with Prussian agents; of attempted corruption of soldiers under my command. I accuse the citoyenne Elise Treacourt, lately known as the Countess de Vassart, of aiding, encouraging and abetting these enemies of France!"

He waited until the short, fierce yell of approval had died away. Then: "Call the soldier Rolland!" he said.

My heart began to hammer in my throat. "I believe it's going hard with us," I muttered to Speed.

"Listen," he motioned.

I listened to the wretched creature Rolland while he told what had happened at the semaphores.

"You say he bribed you?" asked Buckhurst, gently.

"Yes; I've said it twenty times, haven't I?"

"And you took the bribes?"

The wretch laughed outright. "And you believe that you deserve well of the commune?" smiled Buckhurst.

The soldier grinned and opened his mouth to answer, and Buckhurst shot him through the face; and, as he fell, shot him again, standing wreathed in the smoke of his own weapons.

"I think," said Buckhurst, in a pleasantly persuasive voice, "that there will be no more bribery in this battalion. He deliberately opened the smoking weapon; the spent shells dropped one by one from the cylinder, clicking on the stone floor.

"No—no more bribery," he mused, touching the dead man with the carefully polished toe of his shoe. "But the same time she seemed to see a vision which produced so vivid an impression that on the stage next evening, entirely without rehearsal, she reproduced it in motion, reducing her audience to tears. "All through my performance," Miss Duncan says: "I felt as though I were marching to my grave through an icy wind, and afterward with a melody of resurrection, a sort of ecstasy that was not earthly."

The very day of the terrible accident, the mother had packed her little ones, who had accompanied her with their nurse to Paris, for a little outing, where their lodgings were, as she was to remain in Paris for the rest of the day; and in saying good-bye she playfully kissed the lips of one of her children through the glass. Contact with the cold pane struck a chill to the mother's heart and a strange foreboding overcame her as the motor whizzed out of sight. A few minutes later the children were hurled from the overturned car into the Seine.

Why No Smoke in Caesar?

Sweet lavender is now on the market and on the side-table, and the smell of it is clean, sweet, and delicious. But did you ever smoke it? This business of the tobacco trust worries the smoker who may have to pay more for his pipeful. And then comes the glad news that we are growing tobacco—even cigar coverings—in England, in order to beat Sumatra at her own game. And also comes a Madrid professor, inquiring what the ancient Romans smoked.

Fine old pipes have been dug up in Spain from Roman settlements, but they have no trace of tobacco or opium. Yet they are adorned with bas reliefs picturing the lavender plant. And in 1276—before tobacco came to Europe—a Spanish writer said that "whoever smokes lavender feels active, ardent, and vigorous."

But why is it that smoking never crept into Roman literature?

Course in Natural History.

"Out at our country estate—"

"Why, I thought you lived in a city boarding house?"

"I do, but we have an old hen of a landlady; her husband is a hog, and the star boarderess is a cat; her son is hounding us all the time for a penny; one of the boarders is mullah, another has a horse-laugh; even I seem to be a lion among the women there. And as for the rest of it, one of her daughters is a pippin, another a peach; their aunt is a lemon; there's a regular pumpkin-head there and a—"

But the inquirer had fled.

EASILY FOUND A LOOPHOLE

Once More Corporation Lawyer Made Himself Entitled to Admiration of Mankind.

They were swapping tariff wars.

"You know Simonpure Spring water, that Canadian water," a drummer said.

"Sure, sure, Mike," they chorused.

"Well, just before the Dingley tariff bill passed, a bunch of Boston boys bought the Simonpure spring. They thought to get rich by importing the water under the new tariff law."

"But Dingley, bless his heart—Dingley put a duty of 25 cents a gallon on spring water and the Boston boys were in a pretty fix."

"What did they do? What did they do, eh?"

"Why, they sought out a corporation lawyer, of course, as you or I'd have done."

"Lawyer," they said, "we want to break the law."

"The corporation lawyer thought hard. Then he winked."

"Freeze your water," he said. "Im-

port it in cakes and bottle it on this side of the border. There ain't no duty on ice."

"Aren't these corporation lawyers wonders? The scheme worked and it's still working. Simonpure spring water is drunk all over the Union today and on every gallon of it, thanks to that corporation lawyer, the government is robbed of 25 cents."

Good In Buttermilk.

In his examinations Dr. Elie Metchnikoff, the Russian author of the theory of phagocytosis, has observed that the germs which curdle the Bulgarian milk are larger and more powerful than the ordinary germs. This germ has the effect of stimulating other germs in the body, tending to increase the life of a person. The white corpuscles of the blood, or leucocytes, which Dr. Metchnikoff terms phagocytes (cells which devour), are nothing more nor less than the defensive army of the corporeal system. They especially struggle against the microbes of putrefaction. This germ-bacillus Bulgarian—is being extensively introduced in this country.

## MONEY

Saved on Automobiles

Why pay a big price for a new car when a slightly used one will answer the same purpose. We have slightly used cars at very low prices.

We have satisfied others. We can satisfy you.

Consult us before going elsewhere.

## SOUTH PHILADELPHIA GARAGE

GEO. N. GILL, Prop.

2008-10 S. 13th St.

Phila., Pa

## THE SUN

BALTIMORE, MD.

ISSUED MORNING, EVENING AND SUNDAY

## THE GREAT HOME PAPER OF THE SOUTH

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD is gathered by the well-trained special correspondents of THE SUN and set before the readers in a concise and interesting manner each morning and weekday afternoon.

As a chronicle of world events THE SUN IS INDISPENSABLE. While its bureaus in Washington and New York make its news from the legislative and financial centers of the country the best that can be obtained.

AS A WOMAN'S PAPER THE SUN has no superior, being morally and intellectually a paper of the highest type. It publishes the very best features that can be written on fashion, art and miscellaneous matters.

THE SUN'S market news makes it A BUSINESS MAN'S NECESSITY for the



# The Transcript \$1



## CURRENT PRICES

**MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET**  
 CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. B. FOARD.  
 Wheat—No. 2 51 1/2  
 No. 3 50 1/2  
 Timothy Seed 45.00  
 Clover Seed 45.00  
 MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET  
 CORRECTED WEEKLY BY W. E. CONNELLEY.  
 Eggs, per dozen 32 1/2  
 Country Butter, per lb. 37 1/2  
 Creamery Butter, per lb. 50  
 Lard, per lb. 12 1/2  
 Live Chickens, per lb. 12 1/2  
 Potatoes, per bushel 40 1/2

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., JAN. 24, 1914

## LOCAL ITEMS

Trepass Guards for sale at this office.  
 Wagons and Dearborns for sale.  
 J. C. GREEN.

The best steak, roasts, lamb and veal at W. C. JONES'.

FRESH AND SALT FISH at my store at all times.  
 W. C. JONES.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale.  
 J. C. GREEN.

WANTED—BALED HAY AND STRAW.  
 S. B. FOARD.

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash prices paid for horse and cow hides.  
 W. C. JONES.

HIGH GRADE LEHIGH COAL always in stock and under cover, guaranteed free from dirt.  
 Phones 5 and 48.

## JESSEL SHEPHERD.

After October first the Library hours will be: Tuesday, 3.30 to 5 P. M.; Friday, 7 to 8.30 P. M.; Saturday, 3 to 5 P. M. On Tuesday evening, the Library will be open for school children exclusively.

FOR SALE.—Five Rhode Island Red cockerels. Phone 156.  
 Mrs. J. C. GREEN.

## JURY FOR JANUARY COURT

Jury Commissioners William G. Taylor and Frederick Brady drew the following petit jury Saturday, to report in County Court on January 26:

First District—James Thompson, Enoch Young, James Hanson, James Serson.

Second District—Joseph Kern, William A. Moore, Robert Kramer, John F. Stewart.

Third District—David Lindsay, Henry Hoopes, Leonard D. Davis, John H. Sinclair.

Fourth district—Charles K. Brewer, Albert J. Roberts, Herman D. Bothum, George Hughes.

Fifth district—Charles K. Brew'r, Albert J. Roberts, Herman D. Bothum, George Hughes.

Sixth district—John L. Lengel, Martin F. Parry, John A. Newell, Robert S. Valleau.

Seventh district—Edward Brennan, Arthur E. Davis.

Eighth district—William J. Wood, W. Atwood Wilson.

Ninth district—James H. Little, William H. Stinson.

Tenth district—George W. Davis, John Pilling.

Eleventh district—William Truitt, Clarence Craig.

Twelfth district—Lambert Ivans, Thomas Massey.

Thirteenth district—Richard T. Cann, Charles Jackson.

Fourteenth district—Robert H. George, Arthur Evans.

Fifteenth district—J. Clarence Hutchinson, Charles S. Spicer.

Sixteenth district—Clarence E. Donovan, Frank Wheeler.

## THREE SKATERS DROWNED

While skating on the Brandywine creek near the Rockland dam Friday night, Elihu Brown, aged 11 years, Kosmhr Beller, aged 12 years and Joseph Hand, aged 13 years, all of Talleyville, were drowned when they went through a hole in the ice. Their bodies were recovered about noon on Saturday by men who had organized a party and who had been grappling along the creek.

There were no witnesses to the accident, and as there are no houses in the immediate vicinity, any cries the boys may have uttered were not heard, and the whole case is shrouded in considerable mystery in so far as to the exact manner in which the accident occurred is concerned. Marks on the ice about the hole indicated that one of the boys may have fallen into the water and that the other two lost their lives while trying to pull him out.

Brown had been warned by his father not to go skating Friday night. He slipped away from the house after supper, however, and calling at the homes of his two friends the trio went to the creek. Nothing was known of the accident until Saturday morning when a lamp was found on the ice by a milkman and a cap was seen floating in the water. In the meantime the fathers of the boys, the mother of each being dead, had missed them and started a search. The cap gave the first clue, so the ice was broken and the creek searched, with the result that the three bodies were discovered about noon.

## Express Rates Lower

The United States and Adams Express Companies, the latter having an office in Middletown, made public the new schedule of rates to become effective on February 1. The rates show a material reduction from the present rates which have been changed by orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, but in spite of the sweeping reduction, the express rates are still in excess of the parcel post rates for the first two zones. The territory covers a radius of 150 miles from the shipping place. In these two zones the bulk of business of each city is transacted. For the heavier packages the express rates for longer distances will be lower. The second class express rates are much nearer the parcel post rates and are about 25 per cent less than the first class rates.

## SALES TO TAKE PLACE

TUESDAY, JANUARY, 27th, 1914.—Public Sale of stock, farming implements, etc., by William M. Rhoades, on the Wooley & Bennett farm, four miles west of Chesapeake City, Md.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY, 10th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farming implements, etc., by J. Harry George, near Summit Bridge, on the "McCracken farm," Eugene Racine, auctioneer.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10th, 1914.—Public sale of stock farming implements etc., by Wilmer Staats, on the "Listen High Woods Farm" on the road leading from Taylor's Bridge to Collins Beach.

D. P. HUTCHISON, Auc.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements &c., by Edgar S. Evans, on the "Conny Farm," 2 miles from Middletown.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by James D. Davis, 1-2 mile east of Sassafras, Md. D. P. Hutchison auctioneer.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 13th, 1914.—Public sale of stock and farming implements by W. T. Holson on the "John McCoy Farm," 1-1/2 miles east of Blackbird D. P. Hutchinson, auc.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY, 16th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by J. W. Denning, near State Road station. Geo. E. Davis, auc.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY, 16th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by Joseph P. Algire, on the "Algire Farm," near Warwick, Md.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1914.—Public Sale of stock, farming implements, etc., by I. C. Price, on the Beech wood Farm, 1-1/2 miles West of Middletown. D. P. Hutchison, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by J. B. Donovan, on the "Dr. J. C. Suter Farm," about 3 miles west of Middletown.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 20th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by S. G. Downs, at his residence, about two miles south of Delaware City, on the Dutch Neck road.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 20th, 1914.—Public Sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by Smith C. Toulson, on the "Wm. Fortner Farm," adjoining "The Tent Farm," on road from Smyrna to Thorofare Neck.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23.—Public Sale of farming implements, etc., by Charles S. Ellison, Jr., on the Colonel Clayton property, on the Choptank Road, about four miles north of Middletown.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25.—Public Sale of personal property, by W. C. Money, on Salem farm, 3 miles west of Clayton.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY, 24th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by J. Oliver Fornace, on the Evans farm, 3-1/2 miles west of Townsend. D. P. Hutchison, auctioneer.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY, 26th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by James H. Batten, at his residence in Red Lion hundred. George F. Davis, auctioneer.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY, 26th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farming implements and household goods, by George Insoloe, on the road from Taylor's Bridge to Fieldsboro. D. P. Hutchison, auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25th.—Public Sale of Personal Property, on the J. Frank Biggs farm, at Summit Bridge, Del.

JOHN W. SARTIN, JR.

Eugene Racine, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farming implements, etc., by William T. Golt at his residence, Summit Bridge. Eugene Racine, auctioneer.

MONDAY, MARCH, 9th, 1914.—Public sale of stock and farm implements, by James Keegan, on the "Janvier farm," near Bear station. Geo. E. Davis auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4th, 1914.—Public sale of stock, farm implements, etc., by R. H. George, on "Gov. Cochran farm," near Middletown.

## RADIUM ONLY CANCER CURE

WASHINGTON, Jan 19.—Radium was described today to the House committee on mines as the only cure the medical world has discovered for cancer—the disease for which no cause has been found and which the experts before the committee labeled a rebel against all the laws that govern human tissue.

Four men who have devoted years of study of cancer appeared at the request of the committee to which have been referred resolutions empowering the President to withdraw from entry public lands known to contain radium bearing ores. They were Dr. Howard A. Kelly, of Baltimore, Dr. Robert Abbe, of New York, Director Gaylord of the New York State Institution for the Study of Malignant Disease and Dr. C. F. Burnham of Johns Hopkins University. All the doctors agreed that the crying need in their work was more radium, of which there is less than two grams in reduced form now in the United States.

"With more of the element to use," said Dr. Kelly, "we could accomplish more, as a 12 inch gun would accomplish more than many pistol shots." Discussing the case of Representative Bremner, of New Jersey, who is undergoing radium treatment in Baltimore, the doctor declared he felt certain a cure would be effected if more radium were available; and as it was the patient showed encouraging symptoms and he was not hopeless. He said no arrangement for concentrating the radium supply for such an emergency could be made in justice to thousands of other patients.

## PROBLEMS IN MARKETING

The many difficult and complex problems that must be solved before present waste and loss in getting food from the producer to the consumer can be avoided were discussed in detail recently by representatives of the Department of Agriculture.

David F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, opened the discussion by pointing out that it is difficult to decide whether the problems of production or of distribution are the more difficult, although in his opinion those of distribution are at the present time the most urgent. In many communities, further production, he stated, is discouraged by reason of the fact that the products can not easily be marketed or because they are marketed at a loss. Farmers send commodities by consignment to certain central markets and instead of securing a profit on the shipment find they are compelled to send checks to cover the expense. In many cases, Secretary Houston stated, products are sent out rather blindly to great distributing centers and then not infrequently are sent back over the same route to markets which need them. One of the great problems, he stated, was to assist groups of producers to find the best near-by local markets. This among other things would greatly relieve transportation agencies which undoubtedly are now unnecessarily taxed by haphazard and chaotic methods of marketing.

Continuing, Secretary Houston said: There is so much interest—so much excitement—that it will be very easy to do things hastily and to go in a wrong direction. Wrong steps will be fatal. They will create lack of confidence and hamper us in attempting to solve our problems.

Unquestionably, we are confronted with great difficulties, but we must overcome them. The farmers must be induced in particular communities to develop staple products, to standardize them, to prepare them properly for market, to study what market to reach at a given time, and the best and most economical method of shipping the product. Nothing less than concerted action will suffice. The individual farmer can not solve the problem. He can not sufficiently control the problem of production or of machinery for marketing or the transportation facilities.

Of course, I am not speaking of concerted action which shall have for its object the establishment of a closed market or the fixing of prices. I imagine we shall not accept such a principle in agriculture any more than we would in manufacturing. It is as unnecessary as it would be undesirable. I am simply suggesting the introduction of business principles into farming for pure economic efficiency. The results of this will be beneficial to the producer as well as to the consumer.

We shall act as speedily as possible. We shall zealously undertake to discover all the essential facts. At the earliest possible moment we shall disseminate what information we have, and when the proper time comes shall undertake to make an educational demonstration. In this work, as in other directions, we hope to co-operate with every useful public agency. We are now preparing to undertake co-operation in an experimental way with the Post Office Department. We shall work in as close harmony with the State colleges as possible and shall avail ourselves of all assistance from college departments of marketing and from State marketing bureaus.

## SHIPPING IN CARLOAD LOTS

Charles J. Brand, Chief of the Office of Markets, then took up the discussion. Under the heading of "Co-operative production and marketing" he said:

There seems to be no question that efficiency in marketing and distribution can be secured only by some method of getting producers together so that they can handle their products in other than fractional lots. They must ship in car lots, practically, to get the advantage of large markets, low railroad rates and similar advantages. There is not a great deal of information available at present for groups of producers who wish to get together. For that reason it is necessary to make a study of cooperation as it exists in the United States today, to collect constitutions, by-laws, a knowledge of the necessary machinery, and to prepare bulletins which will show producers how they can get together.

At present they do not know what they may do and do not know what others have done and are doing. There is a great deal of co-operation in this country but it is scattering. The department, therefore, must collect this information and make it available. This must include a study of the methods of accounting and auditing used by organizations which have made the greatest success. The department will go so far as to work out actual forms to be used by these associations. In addition the department is assisting universities and colleges in outlining courses on cooperation and marketing.

## Conference to Meet April 1

Announcement is made that the 46th annual session of the Wilmington Methodist Episcopal Conference will begin at Berlin, Md., April 1st, instead of March 25th, as originally selected. Bishop Earl Cranston will preside. The report that the date had been changed was printed several weeks ago. One of the important matters to come before the body will be a suggestion of the Wilmington Methodist Episcopal Preachers' Association that the Conference merge with the Philadelphia Conference.

THE TRANSCRIPT \$1.00 Per Year

## TRIPS TO PANAMA CANAL

Beginning next Sunday The Philadelphia Inquirer invites its readers to take a free trip to the Panama Canal through the medium of the finest collection of many colored halftone pictures, made from photographs taken especially for the purpose. Many photographs have been taken of the Canal Zone, but for the first time it will be possible, through a series of eight colored pictures, to pass from the Atlantic to the Pacific and see things exactly as they are. It will require a very small stretch of the imagination to suppose that you are actually on a vessel passing through the Canal.

The plan involves issuing these eight superb pictures, as special supplements one each week free, commencing next Sunday and continuing for eight Sundays. The pictures represent the Canal as it is now—ready for operation save for the slide in Culebra Cut. Already Gatun Lake has been filled to its required height and the waters are running over the spillway.

These views have just been taken by an expert travel picture photographer and show the greatest engineering triumph of the twentieth century, just as it is today.

The best color artists have brought out in each one, the exact colors of the gorgeous tropical scenery and flowers, while the photographs themselves retain all of the exactness of detail of the machinery and construction of the mighty locks and rocky cuts.

The traveler on this picture tour through the Panama Canal sees in his first view from the deck of his steamer, next Sunday, the approach to the Canal at Margarite Point, northeast of Colon on the Atlantic side, and before him all the tropical wonders of tall palms and dense jungles as he prepares to enter the canal proper.

Other views take the traveler on his tour each week through the great Gatun Locks, the mighty Gatun Dam, and the turbulent Chagres River to the Pacific. The entire series, when complete, will form a collection of views of much educational value, as well as of picturesque interest. Start with the first one and save them all.

Get the first view free with the next Philadelphia Sunday Inquirer.

Inquirer readers will get these with the regular Sunday edition free of charge. It is necessary, however, to call attention to the fact that the supply of these is limited to 300,000 for each week, so that you must get in order early to be sure of securing the series. Look for the first picture next Sunday.

## \$8.50 Suits

Special Sale of Men's Suits; Black and Blue Fancy Worsteds, Plain Grey Worsteds, Black and White Pin Stripes and Grey Cheviots, all sizes for Men, 34 to 42 chest. Full winter-weights, late styles just from the tailors and all wool clothes.

\$11.50 to 22.50

for all of our Finest Mixed Suits, in Worsteds, Cheviots and Cassimers; every size among them, 34 to 50 chest, Regulars, Stouts, Slims, Storts, Long Stouts and Extra Sizes.

## Bargains in Overcoats

Business and Service Coats at \$4.50 to \$11.25; Dress Coats \$15 to \$37.50, Silk Lined \$18.75 to \$37.50, Fur Collars \$36 to \$45, Fur Lined \$45 to \$90.

Extra Values in every Dept. We are stock taking and Heavy-weights must go.

MULLIN'S BIG HOME STORE  
 6th and Market  
 WILMINGTON

## EACH DESIGN IS PRETTIER THAN THE LAST ONE



It only remains with you to decide the colors you want. Our carpets and rugs are famous for their beauty, because we buy only the richest patterns, and also take the greatest care to keep in stock only those goods that have proven their durability. Come in and see them. You are bound to be pleased.

J. H. EMERSON  
 Middletown, Delaware

## WANTED!

A family of girls 16 years of age up, to work in underwear factory. Nice clean work and good wages. Houses to rent to the right parties. Call or write to: DELMARVA MFG. CO., Smyrna, Del.

# FORCED SALE

We have the largest Fall business in the history of this store and we feel very grateful to our friends and patrons for their support.

In our efforts to increase the business we bought larger assortments in every line, which gave our customers the advantages of more styles to select from, and they appreciated our efforts by giving us more business.



We bought double our usual quantity, hoping to double our sales, but you know the Fall weather was mild and the fact is we are overstocked and they must be sold. Hence this

## Forced Sale OF OVERCOATS

They will be sold regardless of profit and in many cases REGARDLESS OF COST

This is just the beginning of winter and you will have four full months wear and comfort.

We insist upon you coming to see these Coats. We promise to make the buying easy if low prices are an object.

Edw. G. Walls, Smyrna  
 ONE PRICE TO ALL

# CENTER OF WONDER

Results being obtained from use of Neu-Life Disease Preventative and Tonic on Hogs, Poultry and Turkeys, in Kent County, Md.

## NEU-LIFE DISINFECTANT

For Flies, Mosquitoes and Vermin  
 Try this on your dairy cows for flies. It will keep them off.

Sold only by manufacturers direct to consumer.

## Neu-Life Food Co.

146 Reade St., New York City, N. Y.

JOHN P. COCHRAN, General Agent  
 Galena, Kent County, Md.

## Satisfaction Guaranteed

## J. E. Denny New Soda Fountain

DEALER IN  
 Harness, Collars, Blankets, Robes, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Rope Traces, Plow Harness, Riding Saddles, Collar Pads, Saddle Pads, Web, Halters and Harness Oil. Repairing promptly done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. E. Denny  
 W. Main St. Middletown, Del.

Civil Engineering and Surveying  
 P. F. JOHNS  
 Warwick, Md.  
 (County Surveyor of Cecil County) Land surveys in this and adjacent counties promptly attended to and lines accurately defined. 35 years practical experience. Grades, levels and drainage correctly given. Charges moderate.

MRS. ROSA WEBER  
 Middletown, Delaware



**S. E. MASSEY,**  
DEALER IN  
WATCHES,  
CLOCKS,  
JEWELRY,  
SILVERWARE.

Also a Large Stock of  
Cut Glass

Howard Watches  
Gillette Razors

Repairing and  
Silversmithing  
a Specialty.

We also handle the  
**WATERMAN'S IDEAL  
FOUNTAIN PEN.**

**S. E. Massey,**  
Middletown,  
Del.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

## TO THE Ladies and Gentlemen of Middletown and Vicinity

Who are about to invest in a Fall and Winter Tailor-made Suit or Overcoats.

That we can promise Tailor-made Suits or Overcoats for the same money it would cost to buy ready-made, because we make it ourselves and make it direct to the wearer with but one profit added to the cost of production. That every garment made by M. Berg, East Main Street, Middletown, Del., is up to the last tick of the clock in style. And is guaranteed for satisfactory service. That anyone can have his or her money refunded for any garment that doesn't turn out right. Stop in and see our beautiful Fall and Winter Samples, guaranteed to be all pure wool.

Call and be convinced.

**M. BERG**  
Middletown, Delaware

## HAVE YOUR Shoes Repaired AT J. Applefeld & Bro.

We have bought M. Dektor's old stand, on North Broad Street, near Jones' Meat Shop. We do the best work for less money—work done promptly and well.

**J. APPLEFELD & BRO.**  
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

## SECURITY TRUST & SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

SIXTH AND MARKET STS.  
Wilmington, Del.

Prompt & Efficient Service  
Latest and Best Methods  
—In—  
Banking  
Administration of Estates  
Management of Real Estate  
Storage of Valuables

CAPITAL..... \$500,000  
SURPLUS..... \$500,000

## Don't Throw Your Old Shoes away

Bring them to me, I will make them look and wear like new

**MEN'S HALF SOLES 50c**  
**Ladies' & Boys' Half Soles 40c**

My Work is Strictly Guaranteed

**L. FROOMKIN**  
Kates' Old Stand, East Main St.  
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

## CHIROPODY MRS. JAMES

Corn, bunions, ingrowing nails or any afflictions of the feet antiseptically and painlessly treated by graduate chiropodist. Also Shampooing, cosmetizing and Scalp Treatment. Hair Combs made up in the latest style.

HIGH STREET, ODESSA, DEL.

For  
**NEAT and BEST  
JOB WORK**  
Apply to This Office

## MARYLAND LEGISLATURE

### SENATE OF MARYLAND.

Thursday.  
After a brief session the Senate adjourned until noon Tuesday. Twenty-four senators were present, the three absentees being Shepherd, of Dorchester; Collier, of Talbot, and Chesley, of St. Mary's.

A message was received from Governor Goldsborough, containing the report of the Board of Public Works, which was read and referred to the Committee on Finance, hereafter to be appointed.

A message was received from Governor Goldsborough urging the passage of legislation to put into effect the constitutional amendments which were voted upon last fall. Senator Harper moved that the Senate go into executive session. The motion was carried.

The following nominations were confirmed:  
V. E. Bolder, of Garrett county, to be supervisor of elections of that county, succeeding T. W. Savage, resigned.

Mrs. Irma Scheidt, to be notary public for Cumberland.

The following orders were passed:

By Senator Hammond, of Howard: That the President order the secretary to furnish a sufficient number of backlogs for Senate bills.

By Senator Hammond: That the secretary furnish 25 files to hold the bills.

By Senator Benson, of Baltimore county: That the secretary of the Senate have two screens placed at the main door of the Senate.

By Senator Hammond: That the secretary be furnished 50 files for the purpose of holding Senate bills.

### HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Thursday.

While the election of the state treasurer took up a large part of the session of the House, time was allowed for the enactment of various details of routine business and for the reception of messages from the Governor and the Board of Public Works. Ninety-eight delegates were present when the House was called to order. Messrs. Webster, of Dorchester; Gatch, of Baltimore county; Reviol, of Baltimore city, and Price, of Worcester, being absent.

After prayer by Chaplain Alexander Galt and roll call, Mr. McNabb, of Harford, moved that the House proceed to the nomination of state treasurer, which was ordered.

On motion of Mr. Cummings, of Montgomery, the state librarian was ordered to furnish the House with 25 files for holding bills under uniform backings, and ordered that six typewriters be obtained for the use of House stenographers. Three hundred copies of the new House Rules were ordered printed. Eighteen keys to the committee room of the Baltimore city delegation were ordered delivered to the members. Five copies of House bills and two copies of the House Journal were ordered delivered to the librarian of Baltimore city in the City Hall, and a similar number of both to the Bar Library in the Baltimore City Courthouse.

On motion of Mr. Veasey, of Worcester, the Speaker was empowered to appoint successors to all House members who resign during the session of the legislature.

A message from the Executive Office, signed by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor, notified the House that the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company had agreed to provide adequate increased telephone service for the House and Senate members for a flat rate for the session of \$1,700. This was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, to be appointed.

A message from the Governor called to the attention of the House the necessity of legislation to make effective the recently adopted Constitutional amendments. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee, to be appointed.

A message from the Board of Public Works in regard to contracts for printing for 1914 was referred to the Committee on Printing.

Mr. Altfield's Progressive Bills.

Delegate E. Milton Altfield, of the city delegation, has in preparation two bills which are in line with progressive legislation in other States. The first bill provides that children, when able to do so, shall be compelled to take care of their destitute parents, thus saving the State the expense of their care. The second bill will so amend the law as to increase the age at which girls in Maryland may marry to 16 years. Maryland and Louisiana are the only two States in the Union in which the legal marriageable age is 12 years.

Suffragists' Crusade.

The House of Delegates adopted an order introduced by Mr. Wilkinson, of Baltimore, giving the Equal Suffrage League of Maryland the use of the House Chamber on the evening of January 20 for a public meeting, of which Mrs. Donald Hooker and other female suffrage leaders will speak.

The Hagerstown Independent Band has been organized, with C. E. Shafer as president.

Charles Crawford was fined \$25 and costs for killing two dogs belonging to C. W. Davis, of Cecil county.

Benjamin Bayne, of Cecil county, who was accidentally shot in the neck while hunting, will recover.

Earl B. Woods, superintendent of the Montgomery county schools, has resigned on account of ill health.

Chief Judge William T. Clark, of the Cecil County Orphans' Court, is seriously ill at his home, near North-east.

## MARYLAND NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

The Latest Gleanings From All  
Over the State.

Hazleton C. Joyce, Jr., of Cambridge, was re-elected one of the directors of the First National Bank of Federalburg, at a meeting of the stockholders.

Richard Dallam has been elected president and George R. Cairnes secretary and treasurer of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Harford county.

Phillip Morrison and Robert Brumfield, while skating near Coloma, had a narrow escape when they broke through the ice.

Mr. I. George Tawes, of Crisfield, and Mrs. Sadie Florence Sterling, of the same place, were quietly married at the Baptist parsonage by Rev. William H. Stewart.

While hunting, William, the 15-year-old son of Mrs. T. J. Brown, of Furnace, near Elkton, accidentally shot himself in the arm, inflicting a painful injury.

Howard Middletown, 17 years old, of Fairlee, while gunning met with a serious accident when his gun exploded, inflicting injuries that it is feared will necessitate the amputation of his arm.

William S. Evans, of Elkton, has been chosen president of the Cecil Mutual Fire Insurance Company, succeeding the late Joseph H. Steele, of Chesapeake City.

While playing with an air rifle at the home of his parents, in Delmar, Alton, 12-year-old son of George Isaacs, was painfully hurt as the result of being shot through the left hand by a latn nail he had placed in the rifle.

The board of directors of the Lynchburg Inter-State Fair Association elected J. W. McKinney president and Frank A. Lovelock secretary-treasurer. Mr. Lovelock is also president of the Virginia Fair Circuit.

A committee of citizens of Cambridge has requested Rev. George W. Wray, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church South, to repeat the series of sermons on the Ten Commandments which he preached last winter.

Mrs. Bessie Jones took a four-ounce dose of ether and was found in her room in a semi-conscious condition by one of the boarders, who heard her cries. She was taken to the Washington County Hospital. Mrs. Jones is the wife of Edward Jones, who went West several months ago. She was a West Stillwell before marriage.

At the annual meeting of the Tri-town Fire Company at Westernport, the following officers were chosen: President, W. W. Davis; vice-president, James Footen; captain, Charles L. Davis; first lieutenant, Thomas Dolan; second lieutenant, Thomas Kelley; secretary, Clara R. Dawson, and chief, Benjamin L. Kalbaugh.

The new board of trustees for the Poor and Inmate for Cecil county organized by electing Edward W. Taylor president and Thomas H. Warburton secretary and treasurer. James Hartnett was elected superintendent at the almshouse, Dr. P. B. Housekeeper chief physician, A. F. Cameron superintendent at the insane asylum and Dr. W. T. Morrison chief physician.

Bishop St. George Tucker, of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Kyto, Japan, has been discharged from St. Andrew's Hospital, Lynchburg, where he underwent an operation six months ago. With his wife and child he has been on furlough since early last summer. He is now the guest of his father, Bishop Beverly D. Tucker, and will return to Japan about February 1.

The stockholders of the Sharptown Marine Railway Company elected the following directors: Albert W. Robinson, Harvey F. Marvill, Curtis E. Davis and William E. Valent, of Laurel, Del., and Samuel J. Cooper, Benjamin P. Gravenor and Purnell T. White, of Baltimore. Mr. Gravenor was president; Samuel T. Cooper, vice-president, and Purnell T. White, secretary and treasurer.

Several hundred delegates attended the annual meeting of the Maryland Circuit of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in the Masonic Temple, Hagerstown, the convention ending with a large dance and banquet at the Eagles' Hall by Hagerstown Lodge, No. 227. Delegates were present from Baltimore, Cumberland and Frostburg, Md., Martinsburg, Keyser and Ridgely, W. Va., and Washington.

William Payne, 52 years old, once wealthy, who built the Payne block of stores in Elkton during the eighties, died at the Cecil County Almshouse, where he had been an inmate for many years. While searching through Payne's effects, Superintendent Harnett, of the almshouse, was surprised to find a bank certificate for \$1,000 deposited in an Elkton bank. During the years Payne has been at the county institution he failed to draw out even his interest money, which has nearly doubled his deposit.

The municipal election of Westernport resulted in the election of Oliver H. Bruce, Sr., father of Oliver H. Bruce, Jr., member of the House of Delegates, as recorder without opposition, and Charles Tony and Harry F. Smith as commissioners.

Mr. Emerson C. Harrington, comptroller of the State Treasury, has announced the quarterly distribution of funds for educational purposes in Wicomico county as follows: Public school tax, \$6,630.31; free book fund, \$1,051.84; approved high school fund, \$1,300; making a total of \$8,982.15.

## INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

### LESSON FOR JANUARY 25

#### SERVING JESUS.

LESSON TEXT—Luke 8:1-3; 9:57-62; 10:38-42.  
GOLDEN TEXT—"Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of these my brethren, even the least, ye did it unto me."—Matt. 25:40.

The first section of our lesson text has no connection with the other two. It is taken from a time several months previous to the time of the Perean ministry and was undoubtedly chosen as an indication of the company who traveled with Jesus and his disciples, and who provided for his needs. We must remember that Jesus was not supported by a board, a church, nor by some philanthropically inclined fellow citizen. It is to the second two sections therefore that we devote our chief attention.

#### Different Classes.

I. Those who would follow Jesus, 9:57-62. Read carefully Matt. 8:19-22. Three different classes are here represented: (1) The impulsive follower (v. 57, 58). This is the man who is moved by a sudden desire to accompany this marvelous Teacher, but like the man in the parable, does not sit down and count the cost, or even to build his house. This thought is emphasized when we read (Matt. 8:19) that this man was a scribe, one who would not be expected to make such a resolve. He must have been deeply stirred by what he had seen and heard in the life of Jesus. Such a resolve promised well, but it is soon revealed to him that he did not realize what was involved in his promise (v. 58). Jesus showed the man that to go "whithersoever" with him means to share his experiences, his fare, his quarters, and to receive the same treatment he received, 2 Tim. 3:12. It is a mistake to tell folk that the road of righteousness is a primrose path. The road of disobedience is a rough one, as the man who went to Jericho found, still the road of righteousness is a narrow one, Matt. 7:13, 14. Every follower of Jesus must be willing to take what he took, and to receive what he received, John 15:20; 1 Pet. 2:21.

This sentence (v. 58) has done more to give us a comprehension of the earthly surroundings of our Lord than any other in the gospels, 2 Cor. 8:9. (2) The procrastinating follower (v. 59). Jesus did not forbid the first man, he simply showed him what was involved. This man, however, Jesus invited to a place as disciple—learner. That he was willing to accept is evident, only he was not yet quite ready. "I will, but..." It is not at all probable that this man's father was awaiting burial; had his father but just died and awaiting burial, Jesus would not have prevented. Rather he was indicating a father about to die and that he would follow after his father's death. Hence the sharp words of the Master, "Let the dead bury the dead." A proper duty, a sacred duty, but not so proper nor so sacred as to have precedence over the claims of Jesus, Matt. 6:33; 10:37. Men do not as a rule miss opportunities to make money, to serve their ambitions nor to gratify their desires, by the excuse of waiting to look after aged parents. Jesus would have us bury the dead when they are dead, not to neglect them while living by any means, but at the same time to follow him. (3) The irresolute follower (vv. 61, 62). This man was not troubled so much with going back as with looking back. Ultimately he intends to follow, but his desire is still with others than being set upon Jesus. Like Lot's wife, he is looking back rather than embracing the opportunity to follow. This generally ends in forgetting to follow at all, see Luke 17:32 and Gen. 19:26. Such ones are not fit for the kingdom, e. g., are not ready to enter, nor are they really desirous to enter, Phil. 3:13; Heb. 10:38, 39. Jesus' reference to the plow (v. 62) recalls the call of Elijah. He with safety did bid farewell to loved ones and returned to worship with the prophet, 1 Kings 19:19-21. Jesus intimates that such a step is apt to be fraught with fatal consequences. It is in this case, the spirit of resolution that Jesus commends. No furrow can be plowed straight, when he who holds the plow is looking backward.

#### Ever Ready to Serve.

II. Those who did follow Jesus, 10:38-42. We now turn to consider this little company who were ever ready to serve our Master. From v. 58 we know that not every home was open to receive Jesus as was this one in Bethany, John 11:1. Though this was Martha's home (10:38), and though she felt the burden of hospitality, yet she did not hear the word as did her sister Mary, Mark 4:19. Martha was occupied with duty and Mary, with Jesus. Martha was occupied with many things, Mary was occupied with the "one thing needful." The result was that Martha was "distracted" (R. V.), while Mary was at rest. Jesus wants his disciples, his followers, to sit at his feet and to learn of him. He knows all about duty's dull demand, but the one thing needful is, first of all, to learn of him. Martha's love prompted the service, but there was doubtless much pride that accompanied it. Jesus, as we have seen, was not cumbered with much comfort, and it is doubtful that he was desirous of a big dinner. Jesus does, however, commend communion with himself as being, "that good part." Afterwards, when death invaded that circle, it was Martha that had the most intimate dealing with our Lord, see John, chapter 11, hence we conclude that she learned on this day the lesson Jesus sought to teach, viz., that in the life of quiet communion (Isa. 30:15) we shall receive that strength that is absolutely essential, if we are to serve him acceptably. We must not allow the daily legitimate demands of duty to interfere with a life of full, free, fellowship with the Master.

## DAIRY

DAIRYING ON BUSINESS BASIS

Separate Account Should Be Kept With Each Cow to Ascertain Her Exact Cost and Profit.

(By G. L. MARTIN.)

In order to put dairying upon a business basis every farmer needs to use the milk scales, the tester and the record book. The successful business man has a ledger to guide him in his transactions. Every dairyman needs to enter a separate account with each of his cows so that he may have an indicator to tell him at the end of the year just how much feed each cow has consumed, the amount of milk produced and the percentage it tests.

Too many farmers of the country are keeping the scrub cow, feeding and milking her twice each day, 14 times each week, 60 times each month and 720 times each year merely for the pleasure of her company, when a portion of this time might well be expended in estimating the feed, weighing and testing the milk and crediting the same to each cow.

Many good dairymen squander 30 minutes each day gambling with the scrub cow when three minutes' time with the scales, tester and record book would put the herd upon a paying basis and money in their pockets.

The keeping of records is a business transaction and means the essential difference between knowing and guessing, pleasure and drudgery, profit and loss, success and failure.

### SOUR MILK BY ELECTRICITY

Insipids and Inivigorates Bacteria as Alcohol, Cocain or Strong Tea Affects Man—Work Quickly.

To many persons the curdling of milk in a thunder shower is a mysterious and unintelligible phenomenon. Yet the entire process is really simple and natural. Milk like most other substances contains millions of bacteria. The milk bacteria that in a day or two under natural conditions would cause the fluid to sour are peculiarly susceptible to electricity.

Electricity insipids and invigorates them affecting them as alcohol, cocain or strong tea affects men. Under a current's influence they fall to work with amazing energy and instead of taking a couple of days to sour the milk they accomplish the task completely in half an hour.

It is not the thunder in the storm that sours the milk it is the electricity in the air that does it. With an electric battery it is easy on the same principle to sour the freshest milk.

### MAKING BOTTLES OF PAPER

Receptacles Made of Waxed Cardboard Are Advocated as Most Sanitary for Delivering Milk.

Milk bottles, made out of waxed cardboard, are being advocated as the most sanitary receptacles for the delivery of milk. Such bottles are only used once, and then should be thrown away by the housewife, says the Popular Mechanics. The bottles come from the manufacturer nested as shown in



Paper Milk Bottles.

one of the drawings, and wrapped in dust-proof paper. The milk dealer breaks the wrapping, sets out the paper bottles, fills them, and snaps the cardboard caps in place. There is no expense due to breakage, or of collecting again, and no washing labor.

### Dairymen Holds the Key.

Improvement in the quality of dairy products must begin with the producer, so the dairymen holds the key to the situation. Every effort of the consumer, the distributor or the manufacturer, will work to his ultimate benefit. While payment on the quality basis is established, a premium of three to five cents per pound of butter fat is given for cream of highest grade. Such cream can be produced best by paying close attention to cleanliness and immediate and thorough cooling.

### Jersey and Guernsey Cows.

Jersey and Guernsey cows produce less milk solids other than fat, thus enabling them to turn larger proportions of their food and energy into the production of the desired product, than cows of breeds which yield a larger quantity of milk deficient in butter fat.

### Sunshine Is Necessary.

Plenty of sunshine is necessary in the dairy barn. Remember that windows are no more expensive than lumber and they are worth a lot more when the health of the animals is taken into consideration.

### Common Blunder.

One of the commonest blunders the farmer makes is that of keeping what he considers to be good dairy cows, when, if he would keep a close record of them, he would find that they are barely paying for their feed, to say nothing of their care.

### Rapid Milking Best.

Slow milking causes a loss of cream. It has been proved that the cow milked by a rapid milker yields more butter fat than the same cow does when milked by a slow milker.

## POULTRY FACTS

COLONY HOUSES FOR WINTER

Some Poultrymen Arrange Summer Coops in Suitable Manner for Use During the Cold Weather.

When young birds are brought in from the range we often find our selves in need of more house room to winter the increased flock.

There are several ways in which the summer colony coops may be made to place out the winter houses. If there is but one it may be placed close to the main house and used as an extra scratching and exercising room. The fowls may then pass from the main room to the addition by means of a tube constructed of boards and set into the opening about 10 by 20 inches in size, cut near the floor of each building. A dry goods box with top and bottom removed will answer nicely as a connecting passageway.

Some people fit up the summer colony coops as laying rooms, arranging all nests in them and thus leaving the whole space in the main building for use of the hens in the daytime. Still others use the coops as dusting rooms. Especially do the early brooder houses answer nicely for this, as there is usually plenty of sunlight. The dust may be kept moist and free from trash and so does not get into the food and water vessels, as it often does when nesting and feeding must be done in the same room. Sometimes two or three of these coops are used together for a small flock, one being used for a roosting room, one for a nest room and exercise. In each case they are joined by a wooden tube or passageway.

Some make their summer colony coops of knockdown sections so arranged that some five or six of them may be set up together in one continuous shed for sheltering the birds in winter. Such a pen must either be banked with straw or covered with paper for the winter to make it wind-proof. By the time the young birds are ready for the colony houses another year the old ones are having free run of the farm.

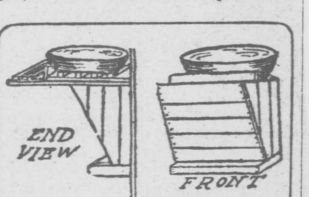
### DRINKING PAN AND GRIT BOX

Vessel is Elevated to Prevent Litter Being Scratched Into It—Contrivance Is Easily Made.

The accompanying illustration of a combination drinking pan and grit box appeared in a recent issue of Successful Farming. The idea of elevating the drinking pan is to keep the water clean and prevent litter being scratched into it. The birds soon learn to fly upon the perch in front of the pan, to get the clear water.

The pan itself is made about three inches deep, so that when the water becomes frozen it can be easily dumped out.

The small hopper or box under the grit, or be divided into compartments drinking pan is made on the self-feeding principle, and may be used for grit, or be divided into compartments



Drinking Pan and Hopper.

for oyster shell and grit, or beef scrap. The frame on which the pan rests is made to fit over the side of the hopper, the cross slats being firm on the top of the hopper. The whole contrivance can be easily made out of odds and ends of lumber found lying around most poultry or barn yards. The combination, when finished, is hung on the wall at a convenient height.

### PROFITABLE TO GRADE EGGS

Better Prices Are Always Secured When Eggs Are Sorted According to Size and Color.

Even buyers at the country store will appreciate your efforts if you will sort your eggs according to size and color. Graded eggs show up a great deal better than those that are piled in promiscuously, and should—and will—command a better price if the dealer's attention is called to the fact. There are few, even of country stores, that would not be able to command a higher price for uniform, clean, fresh eggs, attractively picked, and one that produces that kind the year round can secure an advance in the market price. Large shippers will jump at the chance to secure eggs of this class, and are always ready to pay a higher price.

One firm made the statement recently that strictly first-class eggs were worth eight cents a dozen more to their trade than eggs that they could not guarantee. It is the cheapest possible way to increase the poultry income. Try it.

### Undesirable Fowls.

Never buy a chicken which has any deformity, such as a crooked breast bone, a crippled foot, a turned-under toe, an awry tail, or any other bodily defect. Fowls which have been stunted in their growth, whether from disease or neglect, are a bad buy, and are expensive at almost any price.

### Study the Incubator.

Right now is a good time to begin to study up on the incubator proposition. Incubators are all right to those who know how to handle them properly, and any careful person can learn.

### Best Grain Ration.

A mixture of wheat and oats makes one of the very best grain rations for hens. They lay on it because it contains the stuff of which eggs are made.

### What It Came To.

"I've figured the whole thing out, father," said Mabel. "The car, to begin with, will cost \$5,000, which at six per cent. is \$300 a year. If we charge ten per cent. off for depreciation it will come to \$500 more. A good chauffeur can be had for \$125 a month, or \$1,500 a year. I have allowed \$10 a week for gasoline and \$5 for repairs. The chauffeur's uniform and furs will come to about \$200. Now, let's see what it comes to. Three hundred plus five hundred—"

"Don't bother me, my dear, I know what it comes to," said the old gentleman.

"What?" asked the girl.

"My dear," said the father, impressively, "it comes to a standstill, right here and now."—Ladies' Home Journal.

### Jones Was Classed as an "Otherwise."

In the lobby one overheard a conversation between the fat man and the thin man.

"What sort of a fellow is Jones to get along with?" asked the fat one.

"He's an otherwise," said the thin one, sourly.

"What do you mean by an otherwise?"

"I'll tell you. When he's talking to a Democrat, he's a Republican. When he's talking to a Republican, he's a Democrat. When he's talking to a capitalist, he's a Socialist. And when he's talking to me, he's just a darned fool!"

### Up to the Minute Prayer.

Even in the prayers of little children an occasional bit of up to date news crops out.

Little Elizabeth had finished the recital of "Now I lay me down to sleep" at her mother's knee after a day of motoring over country roads that had been accompanied by more than the usual number of mishaps. With these in mind Elizabeth added this to her customary supplications:

"Please, Mr. Jesus, don't let papa have any more blowouts, 'cause it delays him so and makes him so tired. Amen."



**Soft Answer.**  
A New Jersey teacher who has been greatly annoyed by revelry in the hotel where she had spent part of her last vacation took the precaution this time, in writing to another hotel which had been recommended to her, to inquire whether it had a bar. She received the following reply:

"No, we haven't any bar, and if that is the sort of woman you are we don't want you. The place for you is at Tally's, farther up the road."

**Sharp Student.**  
"It 20 men reap a field in eight hours, how long will it take 15 men to reap the same field?" a student was asked. He thought long before writing down his answer, and when he handed in his paper this is what the examiner read: "The field, having already been reaped by the 20 men, could not be reaped a second time by the 15."

**Progress in Pittsburgh.**  
"How long must I wait for this prescription?"  
"About thirty minutes," answered the druggist, "but you can occupy your time pleasantly. Here is a coupon which entitles you to admission to a moving picture show."—Pittsburgh Press.

**Important to Mothers.**  
Examine carefully every bottle of **CASTORIA**, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletcher**. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

**His Number.**  
"What was Wiggle on the college crew?"  
"I think he was what they call the joke."—Town Topics.

**Solid Appreciation.**  
"Did the count promise to love Miss Millions forever?"  
"No; for her money."—Cornell Widow.

**Boston Slang.**  
"Good joke, eh? Are you next?"  
"Yes," said the Boston man, "I'm continguous."

**Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills** are sold with and without soluble sugar coating. They regulate the bowels, invigorate the liver and purify the blood. Adv.

**So Kind!**  
"Is she good to the children?"  
"Very; she lets them do everything their father doesn't want them to do."

When a woman runs across the street to a neighbor's house for just a minute she stays an hour.

Use Roman Eye Balsam for swelling sensation in eyes and inflammation of eyes or eyelids. Adv.

Some women want the last word, and others don't seem to realize there is such a thing.

Putnam Kadeless Dyes do not stain the furniture. Adv.

A kodak camera takes pictures and money.

An ounce of consideration is worth a pound of contention.

## WOMAN REFUSES OPERATION

**Tells How She Was Saved by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

Logansport, Ind.—"My baby was over a year old and I bloated till I was a burden to myself. I suffered from female trouble so I could not stand on my feet and I felt like millions of needles were pricking me all over. At last my doctor told me that all this was an operation, but this I refused. I told my husband to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I would try it before I would submit to any operation. He did so and I improved right along. I am now doing all my work and feeling fine."

"I hope other suffering women will try your Compound. I will recommend it to all I know."—Mrs. DANIEL D. B. DAVIS, 110 Franklin St., Logansport, Ind.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, it is not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering in a like manner.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

**Rheumacide**  
The Reliable Remedy for all forms of RHEUMATISM GETS AT THE JOINTS FROM THE INSIDE Liquid, Tablets, Liniment For sale by all druggists

LADY AGENTS AND CANYASSERS sell Rheumacide. Write for literature and send for a package. GUSTAV MILLER & COMPANY, 11 W. 37th STREET, NEW YORK.

**NEATEST THING OUT** Send stamp for patent. FIELD COMPANY, 255 Broadway St., Detroit, Mich.

**PATENTS** Watson E. Coleman, Wash. D.C. Books free. Book contains full particulars. Send return.

## ANTI-TRUST PLAN BEFORE CONGRESS

**Message Declares Against Interlocking Directorates.**

**FOR INDUSTRIAL BOARD**

**Suggests Federal Supervision Of Capitalization Of Railroads and Help To Those Forced Out Of Business.**

Washington.—For the fifth time since he became Chief Executive President Wilson journeyed to the Capitol to deliver a message in person. In one of the longest messages of his Administration he asked that the trust problem be speedily solved and suggested the outline of a plan to solve it.

The President was accompanied by members of his Cabinet, who took seats reserved for them on the floor of the House.

**Address of the President.**

**Gentlemen of the Congress:**

In my report "on the state of the Union," which I had the privilege of reading to you on the 1st of December last, I ventured to reserve for discussion at a later date the subject of additional legislation regarding the very difficult and intricate matter of trusts and monopolies. The time now seems opportune to turn to that great question; not only because the currency legislation, which absorbed your attention and the attention of the country in December, is now disposed of, but also because opinion seems to be clearing about us with singular rapidity in this other great field of action. In the matter of the currency it cleared suddenly and very happily after the much-debated Act was passed; in respect of the monopolies which have multiplied about us and in regard to the various means by which they have been organized and maintained it seems to be coming to a clear and all but universal agreement in anticipation of our action, as if by way of preparation, making the way easier to see and easier to set out upon with confidence and without confusion of counsel.

Legislation has its atmosphere like everything else, and the atmosphere of accommodation and mutual understanding which we now breathe through so much refreshment is matter of sincere congratulation. It ought to make our task very much less difficult and embarrassing than it would have been had we been obliged to continue to act amidst the atmosphere of suspicion and antagonism which has so long made it impossible to approach such questions with dispassionate fairness. Constructive legislation, when successful is always the embodiment of convincing experience, and of the mature public opinion which finally springs out of that experience. Legislation is a business of interpretation, not of origination; and it is now plain that the opinion is to which we must give effect in this matter. It is not recent or hasty opinion. It springs out of the experience of a whole generation. It has clarified itself by long contest, and those who for a long time battled with it and sought to change it are now frankly and honorably yielding to it and seeking to conform their actions to it.

The great business men who organized and financed monopoly and those who administered it in actual everyday transactions have year after year, until now, either denied its existence or justified it as necessary for the effective maintenance and development of the vast business processes of the country in the modern circumstances of trade and manufacture and finance; but all the while opinion has made head against them. The average business man is convinced that the ways of liberty are also the ways of peace and the ways of success as well; and at last the masters of business on the great scale have begun to yield their preference and purpose, perhaps their judgment also, in honorable surrender.

What we are purposing to do, therefore, is, happily, not to hamper or interfere with business as enlightened business men prefer to do it, or in any sense to put it under the ban. The antagonism between business and government is over. We are now about to give expression to the best business judgment of America, to what we know to be the business conscience and honor of the land. The Government and business men are ready to meet each other half way in a common effort to square business methods with both public opinion and the law. The best informed men of the business world condemn the methods and processes and consequences of monopoly as we condemn them; and the instinctive judgment of the vast majority of business men everywhere goes with them. We shall now be their spokesmen. That is the strength of our position and the sure prophecy of what will ensue when our reasonable work is done.

When serious contest ends, when men unite in opinion and purpose, those who are to change their ways of business joining with those who ask for the change, it is possible to effect it in the way in which prudent and thoughtful and patriotic men would wish to see it brought about, with as few, as slight, as easy and simple business readjustments as

possible in the circumstances, nothing essential disturbed, nothing torn up by the roots, no parts rent asunder which can be left in wholesome combination. Fortunately, no measures of sweeping or novel change are necessary. It will be understood that our object is not to unsettle business or anywhere seriously to break its established courses astir. On the contrary, we desire the laws we are now about to pass to be the bulwarks and safeguards of industry against the forces that have disturbed it. What we have to do can be done in a new spirit, in thoughtful moderation, without revolution of any untoward kind.

We are all agreed that "private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable," and our programme is founded upon that conviction. It will be a comprehensive but not a radical or unacceptable programme and these are its terms, the changes which opinion deliberately sanctions and for which business waits.

It waits with acquiescence, in the first place, for laws which will effectively prohibit and prevent such interlocking of the personnel of the directorates of great corporations—banks and railroads, industrial, commercial, and public service bodies—as in effect result in making those who borrow and those who lend practically one and the same, those who sell and those who buy but the same persons trading with one another under different names and in different combinations, and those who affect to compete in fact partners and masters of some whole field of business. Sufficient time should be allowed, of course, in which to effect these changes of organization without inconvenience or confusion.

Such a prohibition will work much more than a mere negative good by correcting the serious evils which have arisen because, for example, the men who have been the directing spirits of the great investment banks have usurped the place which belongs to independent industrial management working in its own behalf. It will bring new men, new energies, a new spirit of initiative, new blood, into the management of our great business enterprises. It will open the field of industrial development and origination to scores of men who have been obliged to serve when their abilities entitled them to direct. It will immensely hearten the young men coming on and will greatly enrich the business activities of the whole country.

In the second place, business men as well as those who direct public affairs now recognize, and recognize with painful clearness, the great harm and injustice which has been done to us, if not all of the great railroad systems of the country by the way in which they have been financed and their own distinctive interests subordinated to the interests of the men who financed them and of other business enterprises which those men wished to promote. The country is ready, therefore, to accept, and accept with relief as well as approval, a law which will confer upon the Interstate Commerce Commission the power to superintend and regulate the financial operations by which the railroads are henceforth to be supplied with money; they need for their proper development to meet the rapidly growing requirements of the country for increased and improved facilities of transportation. We can not postpone action in this matter without leaving the railroads exposed to many serious handicaps and hazards; and the prosperity of the country are inseparably connected. Upon this question those who are chiefly responsible for the actual management and operation of the railroads have spoken very plainly and very earnestly, with a purpose we ought to be quick to accept. It will be one step, and a very important one, toward the necessary separation of the business of production from the business of transportation.

The business of the country awaits also, has long awaited and has suffered because it could not obtain, further and more explicit legislative definition of the policy and meaning of the existing antitrust law. Nothing daunts or discourages it like the necessity to take chances, to run the risk of falling under the condemnation of the law before it can make sure just what the law is. Surely we are sufficiently familiar with the actual processes and the many hurtful strains of trade to make definition possible, at any rate up to the limits what experience has disclosed. These practices, being now abundantly disclosed, can be explicitly and item by item forbidden by statute in such terms as will practically eliminate uncertainty, the law itself and the penalty being made equally plain.

And the business men of the country desire something more than that the menace of legal process in these matters be made explicit and intelligible. They desire the advice, the definite guidance and information which can be supplied by an administrative body, an interstate trade commission.

The opinion of the country would instantly approve of such a commission. It would not wish to see it empowered to make terms with monopoly or in any sort to assume control of business, as if the Government made itself responsible. It demands such a commission only as an indispensable instrument of information and publicity, as a clearing house for the facts by which both the public mind and the managers of great business undertakings should be guided, and as an instrumentality for doing justice to business where the processes of the courts or the natural forces of correction outside the courts are inadequate.

About eight thousand five hundred miles were sold in Kansas City last year at an average price of \$150.

The Suez Canal established a new earning record last year, when its profits amounted to nearly \$18,000,000.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Philadelphia.—Two attempts at suicide in one short ride on the patrol wagon is the unique record of Mrs. Mary Cizit. First she tried to stab herself with a hatpin and then strangled herself with an apron string.

New York.—If you want to go to heaven shun the quick lunch. Y. M. C. A. Physical Director Weismiller declares the hurry-up eats aid the devil in conquering the weak.

Boston.—Women are undergoing a change which is leaving them the greatest menace to church growth, in the opinion of Rev. C. E. Smith, of St. Thomas' Church. People now spend Sundays touring instead of attending church.

Washington.—A congressional trust expert claims that the first anti-trust suit was filed in 1415 and a dyer, who was convicted, was jailed in default of payment of a fine.

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Mr. DeJarnette received telegraphic advice Saturday of the death of his brother, but did not know of the details until he received the letter today, written by his brother from the hospital, in which he predicted his death.

It appears that he was a member of a company of 27 Americans who were engaged in a mining proposition and looking after oil interests of an American corporation in Mexico. In his letter he told how the little band of 27 were attacked by Mexicans and driven from the country. To the best of his knowledge only five escaped with their lives, he being one of the five. The bones of the other 22 mark the trail to the American border. In writing to his brother, he told of intense suffering and great hardships endured, saying he could never live to see his home in Virginia again.

Friends in California were communicated with and the body is now on its long journey to the family home in Caroline county, Va.

Other questions remain which will need very thoughtful and practical treatment. Enterprises, in these modern days of great individual fortunes, are oftentimes interlocked, not by being under the control of the same directors, but by the fact that the greater part of their corporate stock is owned by a single person or group of persons who are in some way intimately related in interest. We are agreed, I take it, that holding companies should be prohibited, but what of the individuals or actually cooperative groups of individuals? Shall the private owners of capital stock be suffered to be themselves in effect holding companies? We do not wish, I suppose, to forbid the purchase of stocks by any person who pleases to buy them in such quantities as he can afford, or in any way arbitrarily to limit the sale of stocks to bona fide purchasers. Shall we require the owners of stock, when their voting power in several companies which ought to be independent of one another would constitute actual control, to make election in which of them they would exercise their right to vote? This question I venture for your consideration.

"There is another matter in which imperative considerations of justice and fair play suggest thoughtful remedial action. Not only do many of the combinations effected or sought to be effected in the industrial world work an injustice upon the public in general; they also directly and seriously injure the individuals who are put out of business in one unfair way or another by the many dislodging and exterminating forces of combination. I hope that we shall agree in giving private individuals who claim to have been injured by these processes the right to found their suits for redress upon the facts and judgments proved and entered in suits by the Government where the Government has upon its own initiative sued the combinations complained of and won its suit, and that the statute of limitations shall be suffered to run against such litigants only from the date of the conclusion of the Government's action. It is not fair that the private litigant should be obliged to set up and establish again the facts which the Government has proved. He can not afford, he has not the power, to make use of such processes of inquiry as the Government has command of. Thus shall individual justice be done while the processes of business are rectified and squared with the general conscience.

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## TOWNSEND

Miss India Deakins is visiting relatives in Philadelphia.

Miss Anna G. VanDyke spent Tuesday with Mrs. Daniel Cochran, near town.

Leigh Gill left town Wednesday to enlist in the navy.

Miss Ethelyn M. Loney is visiting Mrs. Lee Smash, of Metuchen, N. J.

Mrs. Elizabeth Brown is spending two weeks with friends near Clayton.

Revival meetings will begin in the M. E. Church, Sunday, February 8th.

Little Georgia Wiggins is visiting her grandparents Captain Wiggins and wife.

Howard S. Vandyk, of Atlantic City, is spending two weeks with his parents here.

Harry Lightcap, wife, and son Delaware, of Odessa, spent Sunday with Walter Lee and family.

Mrs. Daisy Johnson is spending two weeks with Mrs. Lucilla McCoy, in Philadelphia.

Mrs. J. D. Niles spent Saturday and Sunday in Odessa, and was accompanied home by Miss Mary Aspril.

Miss Edith MacDougle, of Smyrna, has returned home after spending several days of the past week with Miss Lillian Hart.

L. L. Maloney and wife entertained on Wednesday afternoon Henry Webb and wife and Theodore Ferguson and wife, of Blackbird.

Ralph VanDyke, of Mt. Pleasant, Horace VanDyke and son Julian, of Smyrna, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Walter Lee and family will celebrate their seventh wedding anniversary Sunday, at their home on Gray street, by having a family reunion.

After an absence of twenty-one years Mrs. E. Brown and Mrs. George Naylor were visited by their brother John Newman and daughter Miss Francis, of White Stone, N. Y., the past week. They returned home on Saturday.

Thomas Maloney, Daniel Maloney, Mr. and Mrs. James Denning, Mr. and Mrs. Walter T. Morgan and Levi L. Maloney, attended the 50th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Maloney, at their home near Wilmington, on Thursday.

The Dime Social which was held Monday night at the home of Mrs. S. Collins, netted \$8, for the benefit of the carpet fund. The evening was pleasantly spent in games and other amusements and refreshments of cake and coffee were served.

J. Austin Hart and wife entertained at their home Tuesday evening, James Lee and wife, Walter Lee and wife, Harry Gill and wife, S. C. Collins and wife, George Daniels and wife, Miss Ruth Richardson and Mildred Wells and Mr. Lester Daniels.

Miss Ethel Naylor and Mr. Harry Austin, were married last Thursday, January 15th, by Rev. Burr, at the Methodist parsonage. The bride wore a brown coat suit with hat and gloves to match. They were attended by the bride's brother and wife Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Naylor. After the ceremony they were driven to the bride's home where a supper was served to a number of friends and relatives. Their many friends extend their congratulations. The couple will reside on a farm near Blackbird.

## ODESSA

Mrs. Lee Sparks was a Wilmington visitor on Saturday.

Miss Cornelia Townsend was a New York visitor last week.

Frank Jones, of Wilmington, was a recent visitor with his friend Delaware Lightcap.

Mrs. J. D. Niles, of Townsend, was the guest of Misses Francis and Mary Aspril on Sunday.

Large parties of skaters have been enjoying the ice for the past week at Marl Pit, near town.

Joseph Rhodes, Jr., of Newark, has been spending a few days with his cousin Kenneth Rhodes.

Miss Lou Skelenger, of Wilmington, was an over Sunday visitor with her cousin Miss Emma B. Eccles.

Master Craig Naudain, of Wilmington, is spending some time with his aunt and uncle Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ford.

Miss Emily Webb entertained a number of her young friends on Monday evening last. Music and games were enjoyed, also refreshments of fruits, candy and cake.

Revival Services were started Sunday evening last, at St. Paul's M. E. Church. The pastor Rev. J. L. Sparklin urges the members and friends of the church to help make these meetings a success.

## PORT PENN

Quite a few are on the sick-list here.

M. G. Moore, of Milville, N. J., was an over Sunday visitor here.

E. E. Bendler, of Washington, D. C., is spending a few days with his family.

A. Kumpel and wife are spending this week with Philadelphia relatives.

Mrs. George Roemer and sister Miss Helen Webb, are visiting their brother Elwood Webb and wife, at Ridley Park.

A. Bendler and wife entertained over Sunday Mrs. Alvin Morrison and Mrs. James M. Bendler, of Baltimore, Md.

Mr. William McMullin's, Sunday School class are practicing for an entertainment to be held in the future.

Dr. Milligan is holding a week of prayer service in the Presbyterian Church, and Sunday will be a service as "everybody's day to church day." The pastor and elders earnestly invite all who can to come, to the regular services at 2.30 P. M., and make this a gala-day in the history of the church.

## CECILTON

Mr. George Morgan was a Wilmington visitor recently.

Mrs. G. L. Hardesty is visiting relatives in Kent Island, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Snyder, spent last Saturday in Wilmington.

Mr. B. Anderson, of Philadelphia, visited Mr. Thomas Pierce on Wednesday.

Rev. Moore, of Galena, preached in the Zion M. E. Church last Thursday evening.

Miss Julia P. Dushane, of near Earleville, visited friends in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Jones, of near Massey, visited Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Jones on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Collwell, of near Chesterville, Md., visited Mrs. Helen Hall on Wednesday.

Mrs. L. B. Manlove and daughter Gladys, visited her mother Mrs. Julia E. Hoover on Tuesday.

Mrs. William Peacock, of near Earleville, was the guest of Mrs. George Beaton on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Biggs, of Middletown, were the guest of Mrs. Z. Porter Lusby on Sunday.

Mrs. William Freeman, of Philadelphia, has been spending several days last week with relatives here.

Messrs. John Clayton and Allie Pierce, Jr., visited relatives and friends in Chesapeake City on Sunday.

Miss Marie Pullen who has been visiting her friend Mrs. James P. McCoy has returned to her home in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Leona d Harper who has been spending one week with her parents Rev. and Mrs. G. L. Hardesty has returned home in Kent Island.

## WARWICK

Miss Ella Staats was a Middletown caller on Saturday.

Madam Rumor tells us that there's to be a wedding in the near future.

Miss Eva Holden entertained Mr. Derringer, of Chester, over Sunday.

Miss Blanche Wright and Miss Mame Merritt were callers in Middletown on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. King Sr., are spending some time in Philadelphia and Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Guessford, of near Townsend, were Sunday guests of Miss Jodie Stearns.

Mr. and Mrs. William and daughter Miss Dorothy, spent Sunday with friends in Sassafras.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Merritt and children, spent Sunday with Mrs. John Stephens, near Cecilton.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Wilson were visitors at the home of Mr. R. D. Aiken on Bohemia Manor on Tuesday.

Mrs. William Vinyard spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister Mrs. Maney Bland, near Middletown.

An entertainment and Supper will be held in the Town Hall in the near future. The exact date will be given later.

Mrs. John R. H. Price entertained the Aid Society on Thursday afternoon. All expressed themselves as having a very pleasant afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. George Merritt, of "Middle Neck" entertained at dinner on Saturday, it being their thirty-sixth wedding anniversary. Those present were: Miss Mary Merritt, of Middletown; Mrs. William Price and daughter, of Middle Neck; Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Merritt Sr., and daughter Miss Mame Mr. and Mrs. J. R. H. Price of Warwick, Mr. and Mrs. Custis Price of Sassafras.

## CHESAPEAKE CITY

Mr. Paul Brady has accepted a position in Pleasantville, N. J.

Mr. Edgar Bishop was an over Sunday visitor with friends in Wilmington, Del.

Mrs. Ad. Thomas, of Newark, has been the guest of her parents in town.

Mr. J. Steele Cooling, of Philadelphia, is visiting his brother Mr. Charles Cooling.

Mrs. Sadie Verdier, of Norfolk, Va., is visiting her sister Mrs. Carrie Boulden.

Mrs. Marshall Taylor, of Philadelphia, has been the guest of Miss Evelyn Kibler.

Roger K. Williams who has accepted a position in Annapolis, Md., was home over Sunday.

Tom Kibler, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with his brother Mr. Harry W. Kibler.

Miss Alice Clark is spending some time with her brother Mr. Edward Bidde, of Earleville.

Mr. and Mrs. I. G. Griffith attended the funeral of Mr. Robert Griffith, at Sassafras, on Saturday last.

The Senior Class of the High School cleared thirty-three dollars (\$33) at their play on Saturday night last.

Miss Daisy Bouchelle, Mr. C. L. Ellison, Jr., spent Sunday at the home of Mr. I. G. Ellison, near Kirkwood, Del.

The stockholders of the Chesapeake National Bank, on Tuesday of last week elected the following directors: W. S. Evans, James S. Hopper, Bennett Stelle and J. Polk Steele.

**Clean up of Misses, Women's and Children's Sweater Coats lower than ever. Men's black Cardigan Jackets, regular price, \$5.00, now \$3.58; Men's Sweater Coats in grays; blue and reds, regular price \$5.00, now \$3.50; \$3.00 Sweaters, now \$2.35; \$2.00 Sweaters, now \$1.55; Women's white, all wool Sweaters, regular price, \$2.50, now \$1.75; \$2.00, now \$1.25; Children's Sweaters, \$1.00 and \$1.25, now 79c; 50c Sweaters, red and blue, now 33c.**

J. B. MESSICK.

## Colonize the Martin

The purple martin is the largest, as it is one of the most beautiful of the seven species belonging to the swallow tribe, found within the United States. Only three other varieties have abandoned building their nests in cliffs, canyons, etc., to boxes and houses erected by their humane friends. Every effort should be made to increase the number of colonies of this very useful bird.

The purple martin is one of the most beneficial of birds; on a farm it makes great inroads upon the insect population living entirely upon winged insects; thousands of these insects are captured daily in the vicinity of a thriving colony. Three-fourths of their food consists of wasps, bugs and beetles. The beetles include several species of harmful weevils. Besides these there are many crane flies, moths, May flies and dragon flies.

Their industry and tirelessness are wonderful, and during the day it is rare to see them rest for any length of time.

## His Resignation by Cable

Complaints were made, recently, to Governor Miller by citizens of South Wilford that Justice of the Peace J. E. Wood, of Milford, was in Europe, and that public business was seriously interrupted by his absence. The governor not having power of summary removal, the only move available was to ask for his resignation, which the governor did in a cablegram addressed to Justice Wood, at Newark, England. Soon a reply was received, tending his resignation, which was accepted by the Governor. Edward B. Henderson, of South Milford, was immediately appointed to fill the vacancy. Governor Miller also appointed the following members of the State Board of Examiners: Dr. H. W. Briggs and Dr. A. E. Frantz, Wilmington; Dr. E. S. Anderson and Dr. P. S. Downes, Dover.

## NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

### St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1913 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT MY RESIDENCE, IN ODESSA, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 28th, 1914, From 7 to 12 A. M.

AT R. S. CARPENTER'S STORE, IN PORT PENN., SATURDAY, JAN. 31st, 1914, From 9 to 11 A. M.

A. G. COX'S OFFICE, MIDDLETOWN, SATURDAY, JAN. 31st, 1914, From 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED: Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid on or after the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES, Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred

## NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

### APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1913 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT THE OFFICE OF GEORGE M. D. HART, IN TOWNSEND, DEL., EVERY MONDAY, During JANUARY, 1914, From 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED: Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid on or after the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

N. W. VANHORN, Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred

## NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

### Blackbird Hundred

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1913 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT FLEMING'S LANDING, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 28, 1914, From 10 to 3 P. M.

AT BLACKBIRD, SATURDAY, JAN. 31, 1914, From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY: Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid on or after the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

HARRY S. WOODKEEPER, Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

THE TRANSCRIPT \$1.00 Per Year

## Public Sa'e

Having decided to discontinue farming on my mother's farm near Salem Church, 3 miles north west of Clayton, I will sell on

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 25TH, '14

At 10 o'clock Sharp The Following Personal Property, to-wit:

## 8 HEAD OF Horses & Colts

No. 1. LUCY, grey mare 14 years in foal. This is a good mare anywhere you put her, quiet and yet has plenty of life.

No. 2.—JIM, bay horse 15 years old, good size, good worker and driver, fearless of all objects.

No. 3. ANNIE, grey mare, 8 years old. This is a splendid work mare and an exceptional fast walker.

No. 4. ROSY, brown mare, 5 years old, in foal to the Hackney Horse, of Townsend, Carlan's Pride. This mare is fair size, quiet, and if she has a fault I have failed to find it.

No. 5. EASTER, dark bay horse, 4 years old, fine size, works single or double, and all right in every particular. He and No. 4 have always worked together, and they are a team that any one should be proud of.

No. 6. GEORGE, dark gray horse, 4 years old, nice size and style, true as steel, he is a Singery Wilks and they are good ones.

No. 7. SADIE, Bay mare, coming 3 years old. This mare has never been handled but I think she is the making of a good one. She is also a Singery Wilks and out of one of the best mares that ever lived.

No. 8. RUBY, gray mare colt, 2 years old next May, this colt is out of No. 1 and by Henry Sirex horse and is the largest yearling I ever raised. It would be impossible to say more about these horses than they deserve.

## 24 HEAD OF Cattle

Consisting of 21 milk cows, 2 bulls coming 2 years old, 1 ten months old bull calf. 10 of these cows have calves by their sides. 7 will be close springers. 17 of these cows are less than five years old, 2 of them 6 years, 2 nine years old. If I am any judge this is a fine bunch of cows. This stock must be as I tell you. Don't say he is keeping his best, I am only keeping one cow for my family use on the other farm. They all must sell.

## 70 HEAD OF HOGS & PIGS

8 brood sows with 50 pigs by their side, 2 brood sows will farrow about April 1, 1914. 1 sow will farrow about May 15th, 8 shoats will weigh about 50 lbs.

## Farming Implements

2 farm wagons good order, 1 dearborn good order, 1 Champion binder cut last year's crop, 1 corn planter and wire good order, 1 mower good, 1-11 spout grain drill, nearly new Bickford and Hufman; 3 wheel cultivators, 1 Ransell Harrow, 1 Hay rake, 1-50 tooth Spike Harrow, 1-50 tooth Iron Harrow, 1 Acme Harrow, 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 sled corn cutter, 1 grindstone, 2-70 buckets tomato beds and springs, 1 Hay rigger, 2 grain fans, 3 Hand cultivators, 2 three horse plows Oliver No. 40, 1 two horse Wiard, Forks, Shovels, plow trees, of all kinds and many other articles not mentioned.

## HARNESS

2 sets wagon harness, in good order; 1 set Wagon harness not so good, 6 sets plow harness, 8 collars and bridles. At the same time and place I will offer 6 tons of good mixed hay in a building on the Staats farm, at Townsend, by the ton.

## Terms of Sale

All sums of \$20 and under the Cash will be required, all sums over that amount a credit of 8 months will be given by purchaser giving a bankable note with approved endorsers, interest added from date. No goods to be removed until terms are complied with.

## W. C. MONEY

D. P. HUTCHISON, Auctioneer.

## Ice Cream

FOR ALL OCCASIONS!

All flavors, packed in bulk or in bricks, hotel or family use, weddings and banquets.

Quality guaranteed the best. Immediate attention to every order. Write, telephone or telegraph.

## MIDDLETOWN FARMS

PURE DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Middletown, Del.

## J. E. Denny

DEALER IN

Harness, Collars, Blankets, Robes, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Rope Traces, Plow Harness, Riding Saddles, Collar Pads, Saddle Pads, Web, Halters and Harness Oil. Repairing promptly done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

## J. E. Denny

W. Main St. Middletown, Del.

## Civil Engineering and Surveying

### P. F. JOHNS

Warwick, Md.

(County Surveyor of Cecil County)

Land surveys in this and adjacent counties promptly attended to and lines accurately defined. 35 years practical experience. Grades, levels and drainage correctly given. Charges moderate.

## DR. WARREN S. P. COMBS

DENTIST

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

(Office of the late Dr. Stites)

## Public Sale

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale on the Wooley and Bennett Farm on the Back Creek Neck Road, 4 miles west of Chesapeake City, on

TUESDAY, JAN. 27TH 1914

At 10 o'clock A. M., The following described property:

## 8 HEAD OF Horses, Mules, Colts

No. 1. ROWDY, bay gelding, six years old, 17 hands high, good worker and driver safe for a lady to drive, sound.

No. 2. TIFTER, sorrel gelding six years old, 16-1/2 hands high, sound and gentle, fearless of all objects

No. 3. Bell, Grey horse, 10 years old, 17 hands high. Sired by Midnight Bell's dam a grey Morrel. This is an exceptional good work mare.

No. 4. Fancy Brown Mare, 16 years old, elegant work mare, in foal to Search Light.

No. 5. MATTIE, Bay mare, 17 years old, mate to No. 4, and elegant work mare.

No. 6. BILLY M. R. Roan stallion coming 2 years old, his dam is Ny. 3, and sired by a perchon. This is a promising colt.

## 9 Head Cows

These cows are all young consisting of graded Holsteins and Guerneys some milking, some with calves by their sides, others will be fresh by day of sale. Any one wishing to add to his herd should not fail to look this herd over.

## HOGS

20 Hogs Shoats and Pigs. O. I. C. and Poland China Stock.

## Farming Implements & Etc

Two farm wagons, 2 wheel cultivators, 1 two furrowed gang plow, 1 Champion Binder, 1 Hay tedder, 1 spring-tooth harrow, Lot of Hand plows 1 roller, 1 grind stone, 1 work Bench and vice, forks, shovels, hoes, maul and wedges, 1 carriage, 1 mower, 1 corn planter, 1 set of leather Breach, Harness, 2 sets of lead Harness, collars and bridles, 1 disc Harrow, 1-2 interest of sixty acres of wheat in the ground.

## Terms of Sale

All sums of \$20 and under the cash will be required, all sums over that amount a credit of 8 months will be given by purchaser giving a bankable note with approved endorsers, interest added from date. No goods to be removed until terms are complied with.

## WILLIAM M. R. OADS

Eugene Racine, Auctioneer.

## Public Sale

Every Saturday

AT W. H. KLAIR'S BAZAAR

More Horses, More Wagons and Harness Than any other establishment in the state. Bring your horses in and sell them and take the cash home with you.

SALE EVERY SATURDAY

WM. H. KLAIR

Tatnall St. Wilmington, Del.

## Notice to Dog Owners

The 1914 Dog Tags are now on sale at the Town Office.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons owning dogs in the Town limits must have same registered on or before March 1st, 1914.

By order of TOWN COMMISSIONERS.



IT WILL ALWAYS PAY YOU TO BUY FROM US BECAUSE WE DO NOT MARK A HIGH PRICE ON OUR GOODS WHEN WE FIRST GET THEM IN. WE HAVE BUILT UP A BIG BUSINESS BY ALWAYS CARRYING GOOD GOODS AND SELLING THEM FOR A LITTLE PRICE.

WE SELL YOU MERCHANDISE FOR THE RIGHT PRICE ALL THE YEAR AROUND.

BUY FROM US AND KNOW THAT WHAT YOU BUY WILL BE RIGHT IN QUALITY AND LOW IN PRICE.

J. B. MESSICK  
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

## 1914 PETERSON'S 1914

### CUT PRICE IN Groceries

Granulated Sugar, 4 1-2c per lb. 22 lbs. for 90c.

Arbuckle's Coffee, 22 1-2c lb.

Special Coffee, 19c lb.

Watkins' Corn, 9c can.

Preston Bros. Tomatoes, 9c can.

All Canned or Packed goods at Cut Prices.

Country style Fresh Sausage, 15c.

Fresh Shoulder, 15c lb.

Pickled Shoulder, 16c lb.

Sure Lard, 14c per lb.

13 1-2c in 5 lb. lots.

D. S. Side Meat, 15 1-2c per lb.

## G. W. Peterson's Dept. Store

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

## Rubber Goods Week

At This Store

FAULTLESS

## "Wearever"

From Saturday, Jan. 24th to 31st, we will conduct a special "Rubber Goods Week." New and needed rubber goods will be offered at attractive prices. This will be an event worthy of your attention, because it will demonstrate our ability to serve you well, and give you information what to buy and where to buy it best.

No. 40 Water Bottle 2 qt. \$1.75

No. 24 Fount. Syringe 2 qt. \$1.75

Household Rubber Gloves

"Wearever" Household Rubber Gloves afford protection and keep the hands clean, white and delicate. Comfortable wear and allow free use of the fingers. Fine quality rubber.

\$1.25 Per air

Ernest A. Truitt, Ph. G.

PHARMACIST, Middletown, Del.

THE TRANSCRIPT, \$1.00